

**Part 1 General**

**1.1 REFERENCES**

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 18-98, Outlet Boxes, Conduit Boxes, and Fittings and Associated Hardware.
  - .2 CSA C22.2 No. 45-M1981(R1992), Rigid Metal Conduit.
  - .3 CSA C22.2 No. 56-1977(R1999), Flexible Metal Conduit and Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit.
  - .4 CSA C22.2 No. 83-M1985(R1999), Electrical Metallic Tubing.
  - .5 CSA C22.2 No. 211.2-M1984(R1999), Rigid PVC (Unplasticized) Conduit.
  - .6 CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 227.3-M91(R1999), Flexible Nonmetallic Tubing.

**1.2 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL**

- .1 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic waste in designated containers.
- .2 Ensure emptied containers are sealed and stored safely for disposal away from children.
- .3 Collect and separate plastic, paper packaging and corrugated cardboard in accordance with Waste Management Plan.

**Part 2 Products**

**2.1 CONDUITS**

- .1 Rigid metal conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 45, galvanized steel threaded.
- .2 Electrical metallic tubing (EMT): to CSA C22.2 No. 83, with couplings.
- .3 Rigid PVC conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 211.2.
- .4 Flexible metal conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 56, liquid-tight flexible metal.

**2.2 CONDUIT FASTENINGS**

- .1 Two hole steel straps for conduits larger than 50 mm. One hole steel straps to secure surface conduits 50 mm and smaller where mounted above 2700mm. Two hole steel straps for conduits smaller than 50 mm in all other areas.
- .2 Beam clamps to secure conduits to exposed steel work.
- .3 Channel type supports for two or more conduits at 2 m oc.
- .4 Threaded rods, 6 mm dia., to support suspended channels.

### **2.3 CONDUIT FITTINGS**

- .1 Fittings: manufactured for use with conduit specified. Coating: same as conduit.
- .2 Factory "ells" where 90E bends are required for 25 mm and larger conduits.
- .3 Watertight connectors and couplings for EMT. Set-screws are not acceptable.

### **2.4 EXPANSION FITTINGS FOR RIGID CONDUIT**

- .1 Weatherproof expansion fittings with internal bonding assembly suitable for 200 mm linear expansion.
- .2 Watertight expansion fittings with integral bonding jumper suitable for linear expansion and 19 mm deflection in all directions.
- .3 Weatherproof expansion fittings for linear expansion at entry to panel.

### **2.5 FISH CORD**

- .1 Polypropylene.

## **Part 3 Execution**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION**

- .1 Install conduits to conserve headroom in exposed locations and cause minimum interference in spaces through which they pass.
- .2 Conceal conduits except in mechanical and electrical service rooms.
- .3 Use RGS conduit in Industrial arts area where conduit is exposed.
- .4 Use electrical metallic tubing (EMT) except in cast concrete above 2.4 m not subject to mechanical injury.
- .5 Use rigid pvc conduit underground.
- .6 Use liquid tight flexible metal conduit for connection to motors or vibrating equipment.
- .7 Use explosion proof flexible connection for connection to explosion proof motors.
- .8 Install conduit sealing fittings in hazardous areas. Fill with compound.
- .9 Minimum conduit size for lighting and power circuits: 19 mm.
- .10 Bend conduit cold. Replace conduit if kinked or flattened more than 1/10th of its original diameter.
- .11 Mechanically bend steel conduit over 19 mm dia.
- .12 Field threads on rigid conduit must be of sufficient length to draw conduits up tight.

- .13 Install fish cord in empty conduits.
- .14 Run 2-25 mm spare conduits up to ceiling space from each flush panel. Terminate these conduits in 152 x 152 x 102 mm junction boxes in ceiling space or in case of an exposed concrete slab, terminate each conduit in surface type box.
- .15 Remove and replace blocked conduit sections. Do not use liquids to clean out conduits.
- .16 Dry conduits out before installing wire.

### **3.2 SURFACE CONDUITS**

- .1 Run parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- .2 Locate conduits behind infrared or gas fired heaters with 1.5 m clearance.
- .3 Run conduits in flanged portion of structural steel.
- .4 Group conduits wherever possible on surface channels.
- .5 Do not pass conduits through structural members except as indicated.
- .6 Do not locate conduits less than 75 mm parallel to steam or hot water lines with minimum of 25 mm at crossovers.
- .7 Surface conduits shall not be used where exposed.

### **3.3 CONCEALED CONDUITS**

- .1 Run parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- .2 Do not install horizontal runs in masonry walls.
- .3 Do not install conduits in terrazzo or concrete toppings.

**END OF SECTION**