

1. GENERAL

1.1 Description

- .1 Provide and test cast iron slide gates and appurtenances as indicated in compliance with the Drawings.

1.2 References

- .1 ASTM International (ASTM):
 - .1 A48/48M-03: Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings.
 - .2 A276-13: Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes.
 - .3 B21/B21M-12: Standard Specification for Naval Brass Rod, Bar, and Shapes.
 - .4 B584-13: Standard Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications
- .2 American Water Works Association (AWWA):
 - .1 C560-07: Cast-Iron Slide Gates.

1.3 Submittals

- .1 Submit the following in accordance with Section E4 – Shop Drawings:
 - .1 Provide Affidavit of Compliance, certifying that the gate conforms to the requirements of AWWA C560-07 and this Specification
 - .2 Certified shop and erection drawings. Contractor shall submit files of the proposed equipment in the capacity, size, and arrangement as indicated and specified.
 - .3 Data for gate and actuator characteristics and performance.
 - .4 Shop Drawing data for accessory items.
 - .5 Certified setting plans, with tolerances, for anchor bolts.
 - .6 Manufacturer's literature as needed to supplement certified data.
 - .7 Operating and maintenance instructions and parts lists.
 - .8 Certified results of gate shop testing.
 - .9 Certified results of actuator shop testing from the actuator manufacturer.
 - .10 List of recommended spare parts other than those specified.
 - .11 Shop and field inspection reports.
 - .12 Qualifications of field service staff.

.13 Shop and field testing procedures and set up

.14 Special tools.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 System Description

.1 Gate size and location:

.1 SLG-U1: 1050 mm x 1050 mm wide sluice gate on influent 1050 LDS to pumping station.

2.2 Manufacturers

.1 Rodney Hunt

.2 Hydro Gate Company (Meuller Water Products, Inc.)

.3 Waterman

.4 Coldwell Wilcox

.5 Or approved equal in accordance with B8 – Substitutes.

2.3 Gate Design and Construction

.1 All gates in conformance with AWWA C560-07 and as specified.

.2 Perform work in accordance with the best modern practice for the manufacture of high-grade machinery. Accurately machine all mounting and bearing surfaces so that they can be assembled without fitting, chipping or remachining. Parts to conform accurately to the design dimensions and be free of defects in workmanship or material that will impair their service. Completely shop assemble all gates to insure proper fit and adjustment of all parts.

.3 Type: Rising stem with stop nut, flange back with standard bottom closure.

.4 Mounting: Type F wall thimble

.5 Seating and Unseating Head: Maximum design seating and unseating head shall be from the invert of the gate to the ground floor of the pumping station which shall be a minimum of 10.2 meters (33.3 ft).

.6 Operator and Lift:

.1 Enclosed gear lift with pedestal

.2 Operator to be finished with a 50 mm x 50 mm square nut suitable for attachment of an electric portable drill for opening.

.3 Operator shall turn counter clock wise to open.

.7 Stem Cover:

.1 Gear lift to be complete with stem cover with acrylic window with gradations in suitable increments for the entire range of gate operation.

.8 Stem Guides:

.1 Adjustable in both the horizontal and vertical directions.

2.4 Materials

.1 Frame, Slide guides and yoke: ASTM A48/A48M-03 Gray Iron, Class 30

.2 Seating Faces: ASTM B21-12 Naval Bronze, Alloy 482

.3 Wall Thimble: ASTM A48/A48M-03 Gray Iron, Class 30

.4 Wedges: ASTM B584-13 Manganese Bronze, Alloy C865

.5 Wedge Blocks: ASTM A48/A48M-03, Gray Iron, Class 30

.6 Fasteners and Anchors: ASTM A276-13 Type 316 Stainless Steel

.7 Stem: ASTM A276-13 Type 304 Stainless Steel

.8 Stem Couplings: ASTM A276-13 Type 304 Stainless Steel

.9 Stem Guide: ASTM A48/A48M-03 Gray Iron, Class 30 with Bronze Bushings

.10 Operator Pedestal: ASTM A48/A48M-03 Gray Iron, Class 30 or Steel

.11 Stem cover: Aluminum or Galvanized Steel

2.5 Shop Testing

.1 The fully assembled gate shall be shop inspected, adjusted and tested for operation and leakage at the design head before shipping.

.2 Provide the following information to the Contract Administrator prior to delivery of sluice gate and operator assemblies:

.1 A certified copy of the Chemical and Physical Analysis on all materials used in the manufacture of the sluice gate, wall thimble, stems, operator and accessories or certification that the materials used are in strict accordance with this specification.

.2 Copies of the test reports for Performance and Leakage tests. Included on the report shall be the signature of the official who is responsible for the gate assembly and testing.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Installation

.1 Install items in accordance with accepted Shop Drawings, manufacturer's printed instructions and as indicated.

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- .2 Clean debris, dirt, and gravel, from inside of gates and channels before placing gates.
 - .3 Install slide gates in completely assembled condition with discs wedged lightly but firmly into seats with nuts pulled up tight.
 - .4 Erect and support gates and thimbles in respective positions free from distortion and strain on appurtenances during handling and installation.
 - .5 Inspect material for defects in workmanship and material.
 - .6 Clean out debris and foreign material from gate opening and seats, test operating mechanisms to check proper functioning, and check nuts and bolts for tightness. Repair gates and other equipment which do not operate easily or are otherwise defective.
 - .7 Set floorstand operators and stem guides so stems run smoothly in true alignment. Anchor guides firmly to walls. Check distances from centrelines of gates to operating level or base of floorstand and adjust if necessary to suit actual conditions of installation.

3.2 Field Testing

- .1 Perform leakage test in the Contract Administrator's presence once sluice gate has been installed to ensure compliance with the allowable leakage rate indicated in AWWA C560-07.
- .2 Arrange for a qualified field representative of the sluice gates supplier/manufacturer to be present during field testing.
- .3 Generally, the tests for unseating head shall be performed by installing inflatable plugs in the upstream pipe or manhole, fill the manhole with water to the rim elevation of MH.L26 and measure the leakage rate through the gates. Inflatable plugs shall be inflated from, anchored to and removable from the ground surface.
- .4 The tests for seating head will be performed by closing the sluice gate filling the chamber with water to 228.300 m (underside of intermediate level slab) and measuring the leakage rate through the gate.
- .5 The Contractor will be responsible to supply water from a hydrant into the chambers for testing purposes.
- .6 If the gate fails the field leakage tests, the Contractor shall be responsible for the cost associated to repeat the tests, and shall undertake all adjustments, replacements or other modifications necessary to facilitate the tests at their own expense. The sequence shall be repeated until the gates pass the allowable leakage rates.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Description

- .1 Provide and test stainless steel slide gates and appurtenances as indicated and in compliance with the Drawings.

1.2 References

- .1 ASTM International (ASTM):
 - .1 A240/A240M-13a: Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications
 - .2 A276-13: Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes.
 - .3 B584-13: Standard Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications.
 - .4 D2000-12: Standard Classification System for Rubber Products in Automotive Applications.
 - .5 D4020-11: Standard Specification for Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight Polyethylene Molding and Extrusion Materials
- .2 American Welding Society (AWS)
 - .1 AWS D1.6/D1.6M: Structural Welding Code— Stainless Steel.
- .3 American Water Works Association (AWWA):
 - .1 C561-12: Fabricated Stainless Steel Slide Gates

1.3 Submittals

- .1 Submit the following in accordance with Section E4 – Shop Drawings:
 - .1 Provide Affidavit of Compliance, certifying that the gate conforms to the requirements of AWWA C561-12 and this Specification.
 - .2 Certified shop and erection drawings. Contractor shall submit files of the proposed equipment in the capacity, size, and arrangement as indicated and specified.
 - .3 Data for gate and actuator characteristics and performance.
 - .4 Shop Drawing data for accessory items.
 - .5 Certified setting plans, with tolerances, for anchor bolts.
 - .6 Manufacturer's literature as needed to supplement certified data.
 - .7 Operating and maintenance instructions and parts lists.

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- .8 Certified results of gate shop testing.
 - .9 Certified results of actuator shop testing from the actuator manufacturer.
 - .10 List of recommended spare parts other than those specified.
 - .11 Shop and field inspection reports.
 - .12 Qualifications of field service staff.
 - .13 Shop and field testing procedures and set up
 - .14 Special tools.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 System Description

- .1 Gate size and location:
 - .1 SLG-U2: 1250 mm high x 500 mm wide slide gate in sediment trap weir wall.

2.2 Manufacturers

- .1 Fontaine Series 25 (Fontaine Industries Ltd.)
- .2 Hydro Gate Company (Meuller Water Products, Inc.)
- .3 Or approved equal in accordance with B8 – Substitutes.

2.3 Gate Design and Construction

- .1 Gate to conform with AWWA C561-12 and as specified.
- .2 Seating and Unseating Head: Maximum design seating and unseating head shall be from the invert of the gate to the top of the concrete weir which shall be a minimum of 1.3 meters (4.27 ft).
- .3 Self-contained, rising stem, flush bottom type with self-adjusting seals.
- .4 Gates with adjustable wedges or wedging devices are not acceptable.
- .5 Provide all structural components 6 mm minimum thickness.
- .6 Gate assemblies shall be media blasted prior to shipment to remove all mill scale, weld splatter, discoloration, or other surface imperfections.
- .7 Assembly to consist of the following:
 - .1 Frame.
 - .2 Slide.
 - .3 Stem

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- .4 Seals.
 - .5 Benchstand with manual handwheel operator type.
 - .8 Materials:
 - .1 Frame Assembly and Retainers: ASTM A240/A240M-13a Type 316L stainless steel.
 - .2 Slides and Stiffeners: ASTM A240/A240M-13a Type 316L stainless steel.
 - .1 6 mm minimum thickness.
 - .3 Seat, seals and facing: ASTM D4020-11 UHMW (Ultra-high Molecular Weight Polyethylene)
 - .4 Invert Seal for upward acting gates only: ASTM D2000-12 Neoprene or EPDM
 - .5 Stems: ASTM A276-13 Type 316 stainless steel.
 - .1 Minimum diameter: 38 mm.
 - .6 Lift Nuts: ASTM B584-13 Bronze
 - .7 Floorstand and Brackets: ASTM A276-13 Type 316L stainless steel
 - .8 Gear Operator Housing: Ductile iron
 - .9 Hardware, studs and nuts: ASTM A276-13 Type 316 stainless steel
 - .10 Anchor bolts: Type 316 stainless steel.
 - .9 Slide:
 - .1 Slide and reinforcing stiffeners welded to the slide.
 - .1 Stainless steel plate, minimum 6 mm.
 - .2 Reinforcement: Provide a minimum of two horizontal stiffeners welded to the slide and two vertical stiffeners welded to outside of the horizontal stiffeners.
 - .2 Provide the stem connector constructed of two angles or plates welded to the slide. Provide a minimum of two bolts connecting the stem to the stem connector.
 - .3 Deflection: Maximum of 1/720 of the span or 1.6 mm whichever is smaller, under design head specified.
 - .10 Seals:
 - .1 Provide a self-adjusting seal system suitable for the leakage and velocities specified herein, frequent cycling and mounted such that there is no obstruction to the specified gate opening size.
 - .2 Provide gates equipped with UHMW polyethylene seat/seals to restrict leakage and to prevent metal to metal contact between the frame and slide.

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- .3 Extend the seat/seals to accommodate 1.50 times the slide height with the gate in the fully open or fully closed position.
 - .4 Provide all upward opening gates with a resilient seal for sealing the invert of the gate.
 - .5 Provide all seals mechanically fastened to the frame or slide, force fit seals or seals attached with adhesive are not acceptable.
 - .6 Gates using J" or "P" seals are not acceptable
- .11 Frames:
- .1 Provide frame assembly including guide members, invert members and yoke members constructed of formed stainless steel plate with a minimum thickness of 6 mm.
 - .2 Provide gussets to support the guide members for unseating gates as required by the design head specified and indicated.
 - .1 Provide gussets extended to supports the outer portion of the guide assembly and positioned to transfer the load to the anchor bolts or the wall thimble studs.
 - .3 Provide frame as follows:
 - .1 Bottom frame/invert member: Embedded
 - .2 Wall frame: Wall mounted with stainless steel anchor bolts and grout.
 - .4 Frame Guides and Invert Members:
 - .1 Provide the frame guides extending to accommodate the entire height of the slide when the slide is in the fully opened position on upward opening slide gates.
 - .2 For self-contained gates, provide a yoke across the top of the frame guides with the yoke formed by two structural members fixed to the top of the guides to provide a one-piece rigid frame.
 - .1 Provide the yoke designed to allow removal of the slide.
 - .5 Provide a rigid stainless steel invert member across the bottom of the opening.
 - .1 Invert member: Flush bottom type on upward opening gates with a minimum weight as specified
- .12 Stems:
- .1 Provide a threaded operating stem to connect the operating mechanism to the slide.
 - .2 For rising stem gates provide the threaded portion engaging the operating nut in the manual operator.
 - .3 Minimum stem outside diameter of 38 mm.
 - .4 Stem extension pipes are not acceptable.

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- .5 Provide the stem constructed of solid stainless steel bar for the entire length.
 - .6 Tensile strength: Not less than 630 MPa for stems that are 75 mm diameter and smaller and not less than 595 MPa for stems larger than 75 mm.
 - .7 Provide the stem threaded to allow full travel of the slide unless otherwise specified or indicated.
 - .8 L/R: Not to exceed 200.
 - .9 Provide the stem, to withstand in tension the loads caused by a 177 N effort on the handwheel without exceeding 20 percent of the ultimate tensile strength of the stem material.
 - .10 Provide the stem, in tension, designed to withstand a load caused by a 177 N effort on the handwheel without exceeding 1/5 of the ultimate tensile strength of the stem material.
 - .11 Provide stems of more than one piece joined by bronze or stainless steel couplings with the coupling bolted to the stem.
 - .12 Provide stems on manually operated gates with an adjustable stop collar to prevent over closing of the gate.

2.4 Stem Guides

- .1 Provide stem guides where required to maintain L/R of 200 or less for the unsupported length of the stem.
- .2 Provide stem guides and brackets of Type 316L stainless steel.
 - .1 Adjustable in two directions
 - .2 Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.
 - .3 Bushings: UHMW or bronze

2.5 Manual Operators

- .1 Provide a manual handwheel gate operator on a floor stand with no gear reduction.
 - .1 Material: Ductile iron housing
 - .2 Provide a threaded cast bronze lift nut to engage operating stem.
 - .3 Provide roller bearings above and below a flange on the operating nut to support both opening and closing thrusts.
 - .4 Operate gates under the operating head and design head, as specified and indicated, with no greater than a 177 N effort on the handwheel.
- .2 Provide mechanical seals on the operating nut and the pinion shafts to exclude moisture and dirt and prevent leakage of lubricant out of the hoist mechanism.
- .3 Provide lubricating fittings for the lubrication of all gears and bearings.

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- .4 Permanently attach or cast an arrow with the word "OPEN" on the handwheel indicating the direction of rotation to open the gate.
 - .5 Handwheels: 380 mm diameter and removable.

2.6 Shop Testing

- .1 The fully assembled gate shall be shop inspected, adjusted and tested for operation and leakage at the design head before shipping.
- .2 Provide the following information to the Contract Administrator prior to delivery of slide gate and operator assemblies:
 - .1 A certified copy of the Chemical and Physical Analysis on all materials used in the manufacture of the sluice gate, wall thimble, stems, operator and accessories or certification that the materials used are in strict accordance with this Specification.
 - .2 Copies of the test reports for Performance and Leakage tests. Included on the report shall be the signature of the official who is responsible for the gate assembly and testing.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Installation

- .1 Install items in accordance with shop drawings, manufacturer's printed instructions and as indicated.
- .2 Clean debris, dirt, and gravel, from inside of gates and channels before placing gates.
- .3 Install slide gates in completely assembled condition.
- .4 Erect and support slide gates in positions free from distortion and strain on appurtenances during handling and installation.
- .5 Inspect material for defects in workmanship and material.
- .6 Clean out debris and foreign material from gate opening and seats, test operating mechanisms to check proper functioning, and check nuts and bolts for tightness. Repair gates and other equipment which do not operate easily or are otherwise defective.
- .7 Set floorstand operators and stem guides so stems run smoothly in true alignment. Anchor guides firmly to walls. Check distances from centrelines of gates to operating level or base of floorstand and adjust if necessary to suit actual conditions of installation.

3.2 Field Testing

- .1 Perform leakage test in the Contract Administrator's presence once sluice gate has been installed to ensure compliance with the allowable leakage rate indicated in AWWA C561-12.
- .2 Arrange for a qualified field representative of the sluice gates supplier/manufacturer to be present during field testing.
- .3 Generally, the tests for seating head will be performed by filling the cell upstream of the weir to the weir elevation and measuring the leakage rate through the gate.

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- .4 Generally, the tests for unseating head will be performed by filling the cell downstream of the weir to the weir elevation and measuring the leakage rate through the gate.
 - .5 The Contractor will be responsible to supply water from a hydrant into the cell for testing purposes.
 - .6 If the gates fail the field leakage tests due to a manufacturing error, the supplier/manufacture shall be responsible for the cost associated to repeat the tests, and shall undertake all adjustments, replacements or other modifications necessary to facilitate the tests at their own expense. The sequence shall be repeated until the gates pass the allowable leakage rates.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Work Included

- .1 Supply and installation of hangers and supports for all piping systems specified in Section 40 23 19.03. This section does not include pipe support for HVAC piping, pipe anchors, guides or seismic restraints.

1.2 References

- .1 Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS):
 - .1 MSS SP 58-2009: Pipe Hangers and Supports – Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation.

1.3 Submissions

- .1 Submit the following for information in accordance with Section E4 – Shop Drawings:
 - .1 In piping layout drawings specified in Section 40 23 19.03, indicate hanger and support locations and provide legend summarizes load information and hanger and support component selection at each location.

1.4 Service Conditions

- .1 The intent of the drawings has been to indicate general arrangements and typical spacing for pipe systems, but does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility of the responsibility to provide a complete and adequate support system.
- .2 Provide hangers and supports specified in this section to resist pipe loads occurring primarily in the downward (gravity) direction.

1.5 Hanger and Support Selection

- .1 Select pipe hangers and supports as specified in this section.
- .2 Review the piping layout in relation to the surrounding structure and adjacent piping and equipment before selecting the type of support to be used at each hanger point.
- .3 Hangers and supports shall withstand all static and specified dynamic conditions of loading to which the piping and associated equipment may be subjected. As a minimum, consideration shall be given to following conditions:
 - .1 Weights of pipe, valves, fitting, insulating materials, suspended hanger components, and normal fluid contents.
 - .2 Weight of hydrostatic test fluid or cleaning fluid if normal operating fluid contents are lighter.
 - .3 Reaction forces due to the operation of pumps or valves.
- .4 Size hangers and supports to fit the outside diameter of pipe or tubing.

- .5 Where negligible movement occurs at hanger locations, use rod hangers for suspended lines, whenever practical. Use bases, brackets or structural cross members for piping supported from below.
- .6 Hangers for the suspension of pipe and tubing sizes, 65 mm and larger shall be capable of vertical hanger component adjustment under load.
- .7 Provide the supporting systems to allow for free or intended movement of the piping including its movement in relation to that of connected equipment.
- .8 Design the system to support the operating loads with a safety factor of 5.0.
- .9 Where there is horizontal movement at a suspended-type hanger location, select hanger components to allow for swing. The vertical angle of the hanger rod shall not, at any time, exceed 4 degrees.
- .10 No contact is allowed between a pipe and hanger or support components of dissimilar metals. Prevent contact between dissimilar metals when supporting copper tubing with copper-plated, rubber, plastic or vinyl coated, or stainless steel hanger and support components.
- .11 Do not support piping from masonry wall construction.
- .12 Do not attach pipe support components to equipment or pressure vessels unless otherwise specified.
- .13 Use stock hanger and support components wherever practical.
- .14 Provide supplementary structural members, where structural bearings are not in suitable locations.
- .15 Make provision for expansion, contraction, slope and anchorage.
- .16 Where necessary, pipe support systems shall withstand the additional load of electrical or instrumentation trays. Coordinate with other divisions. Design and provide support system accordingly.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers

- .1 The following manufacturer's products to provide the specified features and to meet specified operating conditions:
 - .1 Anvil International (Mueller Water Products, Inc.)
 - .2 Taylor Pipe Supports (L.E. Taylor Associates Ltd.)
- .2 Support Spacing:

Maximum Pipe Size : mm	Maximum Spacing Steel: m
up to 30	2.1
30-40	2.1
40-50	2.1

60-75	3.0
100	3.7
150	4.3
200	4.6
250	4.9

2.2 Materials

- .1 Unless otherwise specified, pipe hangers and supports, structural attachments, fittings and accessories shall have a galvanized finish.

2.3 Pipe Hangers and Supports

- .1 Clevis Pipe Hanger: Provide carbon steel clevis hangars and threaded rod with galvanized finish as follows:
 - .1 Anvil International, Figure 260 and Figure 146.
 - .2 Taylor Pipe Supports: #24Z and #54.
- .2 Offset Pipe Clamp: Provide carbon steel pipe clamps with galvanized finish as follows:
 - .1 Anvil International, Figure 103.
 - .2 Taylor Pipe Supports, #87
- .3 Riser Clamp: Provide carbon steel pipe clamps with galvanized finish as follows:
 - .1 Anvil International: Figure 261 and Figure 146.
 - .2 Taylor Pipe Supports #31Z and #54.

2.4 Structural Attachments:

- .1 Provide drill in seismic wedge type anchors.
 - .1 Overhead Trubolt+ Wedge anchors consisting of high-strength threaded study body, expansion clip, coupling nut and washer.
- .2 Welded Steel Bracket: Provide carbon steel brackets with galvanized finish as follows:
 - .1 Anvil International: Figure 199.
 - .2 Taylor Pipe Supports: #802.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Hangar and Support Location

- .1 Locate hangers and supports as near as possible to concentrated loads such as valves, flanges, etc. Locate hangers, supports and accessories within the maximum span lengths specified on drawings to support continuous pipeline runs unaffected by concentrated loads.

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- .2 Provide hangers and/or base supports within 1.0 m of each change in direction on each leg, on one side of each valve, and on the first spool piece or fitting extending from a piece of equipment.
 - .3 Locate hangers and supports to ensure that connections to equipment, tanks, etc. are substantially free from loads transmitted by the piping.
 - .4 Ensure that where piping is connected to equipment, a valve, piping assembly etc. that will require removal for maintenance, the piping will be supported in such a manner that temporary supports will not be necessary for this procedure.
 - .5 Support piping so that no pockets will be formed in the span due to sagging of the pipe between supports caused by the weight of the pipe, its contents, its insulation, its valves or its fittings.
 - .6 Install spring hangers where required to offset expansion in horizontal runs which follow long vertical risers.

3.2 Installation

- .1 Do not use hanger components for purposes other than for which they were designed. Do not use hanger components for rigging and erection purposes.
- .2 Install items to be embedded before concrete is poured. Fasten embedded items security to prevent movement when concrete is poured.
- .3 Use embedded anchor bolts instead of concrete inserts for support installation in areas below water surface or normally subjected to submerging.
- .4 All minor modifications to accommodate installed equipment and structural components are subject to review. Do not commence work on related piping until written acceptance has been received.
- .5 Include any piping support modifications on the shop drawings submitted prior to fabrication or installation.
- .6 Prior to installation, inspect and field measure to ensure that previous work is not prejudicial to the proper installation of process piping.
- .7 Provide plastic or rubber end caps at the exposed ends of all framing channels that are located up to 2100 mm above the floor.
- .8 Review the drawings prior to installation of piping, conduit, and fixtures by this or any other division. Identify any conflicts and confirm the routing of each section of pipe work prior to commencement of installation. Advise of any conflicts with existing services. Where necessary, amend the routing of pipework to avoid conflict and provide shop drawings showing proposed routing.

3.3 Adjustment

- .1 Adjust hangers and supports to obtain required pipe slope and elevation. Use shims made of material that is compatible with the piping material. Adjust stanchions prior to grouting of baseplates.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Description

- .1 Provide and test 250 mm and smaller diameter steel pipe, fittings and appurtenances as indicated and in compliance with the Drawings.
- .2 Provide 1050 mm and 1200 mm steel wall pieces for connection to reinforced concrete pipe as indicated and in compliance with the Drawings.

1.2 Design Requirements

- .1 The design has been completed to the degree necessary for the Contractor to tender the project. It is not fully detailed and will require the Contractor to undertake design of several aspects for the piping systems to be installed.
- .2 Piping and Instrumentation drawings, piping schematics, and piping layout drawings are contained in the drawing set. The Piping and Instrumentation Drawings (P&IDs) indicate all major pipework, valves, and appurtenances (other than cleanouts, purge points, etc.). The layout drawings indicate the Contract Administrator's concepts and are intended to illustrate a constructible method for the piping systems. Some appurtenances, supports, guides and anchors, and expansion joints are not fully shown. The Contractor's design will complement and detail these drawings.
- .3 It is understood that some conflicts may arise that will require that the Contractor to re-route some of his piping to allow for the installation of wiring, ventilation duct, or similar.
- .4 The Contractor is required to engage a competent engineer to be responsible for the final aspects of the design. The components of the design that will be generated will be as follows:
 - .1 Final layout, illustrated using layout and isometric drawings.
 - .2 Piping support system design, including details and spacing of all supports. The support system will ensure that the weight of the pipework and the need for lateral and vertical support are considered fully.
 - .3 Expansion and contraction design, including the layout and details for all necessary expansion joints needed to compensate for thermal expansion and contraction, structural movement, and the isolation of equipment.
- .5 Design documentation will be submitted to the Contract Administrator as necessary to indicate compliance with the requirements of the piping systems. The documentation will be stamped and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the Province of Manitoba.

1.3 References

- .1 ASTM International (ASTM):
 - .1 ASTM A53/A53M-12: Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless.
 - .2 ASTM A123/123M-12: Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products.

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- .3 ASTM A276-13: Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes.
 - .4 ASTM A536-84 (2009): Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Castings
 - .2 American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):
 - .1 ASME -B1.1-2003: Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form).
 - .2 ASME -B16.5-2013: Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: NPS ½ through NPS 24 Metric/Inch Standard
 - .3 ASME-B18.2.2-1987: Nuts for General Applications: Machine Screw Nuts, Hex, Square, Hex Flange, and Coupling Nuts (Inch Series).
 - .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA-W47.1-09 Certification of Companies for Fusion Welding of Steel
 - .2 CSA-W59-03 (2008) Welded Steel Construction (Metal Arc Welding).

1.4 Submittals

- .1 Submit the following in accordance with Section E4 – Shop Drawings:
 - .1 Shop Drawings stamped and signed by a Professional Engineer registered or licensed in the Province of Manitoba in accordance with Section E4 – Shop Drawings of the piping layout including the following.
 - .1 Pipe layouts in full detail.
 - .2 Location of hangers and supports.
 - .3 Location and type of anchors.
 - .4 Location of couplings and expansion joints.
 - .5 Details of all wall penetrations and fabricated fittings or special fittings.
 - .6 Schedules of pipe, fittings, expansion joints and other appurtenances.
 - .2 Shop Drawings for 1050 mm and 1200 mm steel wall pieces for connection to reinforced concrete pipe. Indicate dimensions, materials, coatings, and conformance to applicable standards. Include product data for coating products and confirmation of outside dimensions of associated reinforced concrete pipe.
 - .3 Sworn certificates in duplicate of shop tests showing compliance with appropriate standard.
 - .4 Catalog cuts of joints, couplings, harnesses, expansion joints, gaskets, fasteners and other accessories.
 - .5 Brochures and technical data on coatings and linings and proposed method for application and repair.

.6 Provide tag names and numbers for all sections of piping and fittings.

.2 Material Certification:

- .1 Provide certification from the piping and fittings manufacturer that the materials of construction specified are recommended and designed for the service conditions specified and indicated.
- .2 Where materials are not specified, provide technical data and certification that the proposed materials are recommended and designed for the service conditions specified and indicated.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Materials

- .1 Steel pressure pipe: ASTM-A53/A53M, Type ERW or S, Grade B, Hot Dipped Galvanized, Schedule 40.
- .2 1050 mm and 1200 mm steel wall pieces for connection to reinforced concrete pipe:
 - .1 Steel bell dimension to match reinforced concrete pipe joint dimension. Reinforced concrete joint dimension to be confirmed by Contractor prior to fabrication of the steel bell section.
 - .2 Shall conform to AWWA C200
 - .3 Minimum steel yield strength of 207 MPa (30,000 psi)
 - .4 Minimum wall thickness of 9.51 mm for all sizes.
 - .5 All exposed steel surfaces (interior and exterior) shall be coated with liquid or fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with 2.2 or 2.3.

2.2 Liquid Epoxy Coatings

- .1 Liquid epoxy coatings shall conform to AWWA C210.
- .2 All coatings shall be applied in a minimum of two (2) or more layers (5 mils dry film thickness minimum each coat) for a minimum final coating dry film thickness of the greater of 16 mils or the thickness recommended by the manufacturer buried service.
- .3 Coatings shall be Polyamide Epoxy. Approved products: Enviroline 230, Bar-Rust 234P, Specialty Polymer Coatings SP-7888, Tnemec Series 140F Pota-Pox Plus, Amerlock 2 or approved equal in accordance with B8.

2.3 Fusion Bonded Epoxy Coatings

- .1 Fusion bonded epoxy coatings shall conform to AWWA C213.
- .2 The final minimum coating thickness shall be the greater of 10 mils or the thickness recommended by the manufacturer for buried service.

2.4 Pipe

- .1 Fabricate to sizes, dimension, and shapes indicated
- .2 Sizes, Pipe, Fittings and Specials: Nominal

2.5 Grooved End Fittings

- .1 All fittings shall be grooved type ductile iron fittings with hot dipped galvanized finish.
- .2 Provide long sweeping elbows to 1 ½ times the nominal diameter.
- .3 Housing:
 - .1 Conforms to ASTM A536 ductile iron
- .4 Gaskets:
 - .1 EPDM
- .5 Acceptable manufacturers:
 - .1 Victaulic

2.6 Flanges

- .1 Provide Class 150 steel flanges in accordance with ASME B16.5.
- .2 Provide flanged end pipe fitted with slip-on flanges. Provide longitudinal or spiral welds ground flush to accommodate type of flanges provided.
 - .1 Provide bolts and bolt-studs in accordance with ASTM A276, Type 316 with hexagonal or square heads, coarse thread fit, threaded full length with ends chamfered or rounded.
 - .2 Project bolt ends 6 mm beyond surface of nuts.
 - .3 Provide hexagonal nuts with dimensions in accordance with ASME B18.2.2 and coarse threads in accordance with ASME B1.1.
- .3 Provide flanges tested, after welding to pipe, for true plane and reface, to bring them within specified tolerances.
- .4 Blind Flanges: Conforming in diameter, drilling, and thickness to flanges to which they mate and reinforced to produce a watertight joint under test pressures.
- .5 Gaskets:
 - .1 Materials:
 - .1 EPDM

2.7 Welding

- .1 All steel welding shall conform to CSA Standard W59. The fabricator shall be fully approved by the Canadian Welding Bureau, in conformance with CSA Standard W47.1. Welding shall be done by currently licensed welders only. Welding spatter and other fabricator burrs where exposed shall be ground or filed smooth and left ready for subsequent operations.
- .2 All fillet welds shall have minimum leg lengths equal to the thickness of the material being welded.
- .3 All welds shall be inspected using magnetic particle testing methods by a qualified inspector in accordance with ASTM E1444.

2.8 Couplings

- .1 Joints for piping:
 - .1 Provide grooved couplings only with hot dipped galvanized finish.
- .2 Acceptable Product: Victaulic Style 07 Zero-Flex Rigid Coupling (Victaulic Company)
- .3 Provide lugs and washers in accordance with ASTM A276 Type 316.
- .4 Nuts and bolts:
 - .1 Provide bolts and bolt-studs in accordance with ASTM A276 Type 316 and ASME B1.1 with hexagonal or square heads, coarse thread fit, threaded full length with ends chamfered or rounded.
 - .2 Project bolt ends 6 mm beyond surface of nuts.
 - .3 Provide hexagonal nuts with dimensions in accordance with ANSI B18.2.2 and coarse threads in accordance with ASME B1.1.
- .5 Gaskets:
 - .1 Materials:
 - .1 EPDM

2.9 Structural Element Penetrations

- .1 Wall and floor penetration locations and details are shown on the Process Mechanical Drawings. Where a structural element penetration is not referenced, conform to the Standard Detail relevant to the type of structure, exposure and type of pipe.
- .2 Provide pipe and pipe sleeves capable of supporting the loads applied during placement of concrete or during blockwork erection.
- .3 Supply wall or floor penetrations into submerged areas, under slab areas, and where shown with a water stop flange as shown on the Drawings. Continuously weld the water stop flange, both sides, onto the pipe. Fill annular space between the sleeve and pipe, where a sleeve is used, with non-shrink grout. Form reglets between the grout and the concrete and between the grout and the pipe, on "wet" sides of the wall penetration. Fill reglet with sealant.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Installation of Pipe

- .1 Before assembly, remove debris from inside pipes and fittings.
- .2 Before flanged pieces are assembled, remove rust resistant coating from machined surfaces, clean gaskets and smooth burrs. Make up flanged joints tight, and prevent strain upon valves or other pieces of equipment.
- .3 Bolt threads must fully engage the nuts. At a minimum the bolt must be flush with the nut and no more than 13 mm excess thread protruding from the nut.
- .4 Install tierods, pipe clamps or bridles when sleeve type couplings or fittings are used in piping system, and at changes in direction or other places to prevent joints from pulling apart.
- .5 Examine pieces for damage. Do not install pieces that are damaged according to Contract Administrator. If any damaged piece should be discovered after having been installed, remove and replace with a sound piece at no additional cost.
- .6 Handle pipe with equipment such as nylon slings and padded skids, designed to prevent damage to the coating. Repair abrasions and injuries to the coating.

3.2 Lining and Coating

- .1 Steel pressure pipe:
 - .1 Apply hot dip galvanizing coating in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M-12 to all steel process pipe after test fitting to a minimum net retention of 610 g/m².
 - .2 1050 mm and 1200 mm steel wall pieces for connection to reinforced concrete pipe:
 - .1 Prepare metal surfaces for coating using the following methods:
 - .1 Steel - Prepare steel surfaces for recoating by blast cleaning to near-white metal as specified by Joint Surface Preparation Standard NACE No.2/SSPC-SP10 and recommended by the coating manufacturer.
 - .2 Remove all dust and loose residues from the prepared surfaces and surrounding area. The surface shall be roughened to a degree suitable for the coating system employed.
 - .2 Primer coat to follow immediately after completion of sandblasting and prep.
 - .3 Apply liquid epoxies of prepared surfaces in accordance with AWWA C210, 2.2, and the manufactures recommendations.
 - .4 Apply fusion bonded epoxies of prepared surfaces in accordance with AWWA C213, 2.3, and the manufactures recommendations.

3.3 Installation of Pipe Supports

- .1 Provide in accordance with Section 40 23 19.01.

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- .2 Proceed with installation of pipe supports only after required building structural work has been completed and concrete has reached its 28 day compressive strength.
 - .3 Support piping to prevent forces applied on valves and equipment.

3.4 Physical Checkout, Field and Functional Testing

- .1 Give the Contract Administrator 24 hours' notice prior to testing.
- .2 Clean dirt, dust, oil, grease and other foreign material, before pressure and leakage tests.
- .3 Water for testing shall be provided by the Contractor.
- .4 Pressure and Leakage Tests shall be done as follows:
 - .1 Provide temporary testing plugs or caps; pressure pumps, pipe connections, meters, gauges, equipment, and labour.
 - .2 Provide all temporary thrust restraints necessary for testing. Remove upon completion of testing.
 - .3 Test pipelines in sections of accepted length.
 - .4 Fill section of pipe with water and expel air.
 - .5 Process piping shall be tested at normal operating pressure plus 300 kPa (45 psi) or 550 kPa (80 psi) water pressure, whichever is greater, measured at the low point in the system or as specified otherwise.
 - .6 No visible leakage in joint is acceptable.
 - .7 If unable to achieve and maintain specified pressure for one hour with no additional pumping, section has failed to pass test.
 - .8 If section fails pressure and/or leakage test, locate, uncover, and repair or replace defective pipe, fitting, or joint, and conduct additional tests and repairs until section passes test at no additional cost and without any time extensions.
- .5 Make piping connections to equipment with pipe in a free supported state and without application of vertical or horizontal forces to align piping with the equipment flanges.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Work

- .1 Supply, install, commission, provide warranty, and fully document a complete instrumentation and control (I&C) system as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein. The I&C system contains vendor component subsystems specified in this and other sections of the Specification.
- .2 Component subsystems of the I&C system will include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - .1 Primary elements and transmitters
 - .2 Final control elements
 - .3 I&C field devices
 - .4 I&C junction boxes and marshalling panels
 - .5 Control panels
 - .6 Instrumentation cabling
 - .7 Instrumentation power supplies
 - .8 Conduit and cable tray
- .3 The Contractor's responsibility also includes receiving, uncrating, examining for shortages or damage, assembling, field fitting, installing, mounting, wiring and testing of vendor supplied component subsystems.
- .4 Where packaged, stand-alone control systems are supplied under other divisions of this Specification, provide cabling to connect to the required remote monitoring and/or control functions. Provide end-to-end commissioning of all required remote monitoring and/or control functions. Ensure the correct functionality of any equipment supplied under other divisions of this Specification.
- .5 Documentation referred to in 1.1.1 to include as a minimum:
 - .1 Equipment descriptive data
 - .2 Equipment installation, service manuals, O&M Manuals and recommended spare parts lists.
 - .3 Schematics and interconnection wiring diagrams sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the Province of Manitoba.
 - .4 Records of conductor identification, field terminals, changes, etc.
 - .5 Instrumentation and control panel Shop Drawings, face layouts, schematics and point-to-point wiring diagrams sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the Province of Manitoba.
 - .6 Submit individual Loop Drawings for each device based on the provided typical Drawings.

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- .7 Records of as-built information for the complete instrumentation system.
 - .6 Documentation provided is formatted as follows:
 - .1 Piping & Instrumentation Diagrams (P&IDs) – depict the general intent of the control systems.
 - .2 Instrument Index – an index of the detailed information for the main devices shown on the P&IDs. The index lists the appropriate support documentation for the devices' supply and installation. The instrument index is the controlling document for the supply of materials.
 - .3 Input/Output (I/O) Index – an index of the control system I/O points shown on the P&IDs, giving the supporting documentation as per the instrument index.
 - .4 Instrument Specification Sheet – detail the relevant data for the supply of devices.
 - .5 Instrument Loop Diagrams (ILDs) – show typical interconnections and hook-up of devices. The Contractor is to reproduce an ILD for each device and record all relevant as-built information on each sheet for submission at the completion of the Work. Fill in all terminal and wiring numbers etc. from the Shop Drawings as they become available. A set of 'B' size (11 x 17) ACAD Drawings and associated files will be made available to the successful Contractor.
 - .6 Location Drawings – indicate in plan and/or elevation views where the instrument elements are physically located. These Drawings are provided to assist the Contractor in estimating the amount of cable and ducting required.
 - .7 Standard Details – provide a reference for installation, operation and other instructions pertinent to a particular device.
 - .8 Detailed Specification – lists qualifications, quality of materials and workmanship, and supplementary information.
 - .7 .Definitions
 - .1 Interpret specialized terms not explicitly defined herein in accordance with ISA 51.1, NEMA ICS 1, ANSI/IEEE -100, and The Communications Standard Dictionary, by Martin H. Weik.

1.2 References

- .1 This Specification contains references to the following Documents. They are a part of this section as specified and modified. For each listed document, use the latest published version. In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and those of the listed Documents, the requirements of this section prevail.
- .2 American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):
 - .1 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code (BPVC) Section VIII, Division 1, Rules for Construction of Pressure Vessels.
- .3 ASTM International (ASTM):
 - .1 ASTM B68/B68M, Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed.
 - .2 ASTM D883, Standard Terminology Relating to Plastics.

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- .4 Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE):
 - .1 IEEE 100, Standards Dictionary: Glossary of Terms and Definitions.
 - .5 International Society of Automation (ISA):
 - .1 ISA 7.0.01, Quality Standard for Instrument Air.
 - .2 ISA 5.4, Instrument Loop Diagrams.
 - .3 ISA 18.1, Annunciator Sequences and Specifications.
 - .4 ISA 51.1, Process Instrumentation Terminology.
 - .6 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA):
 - .1 NEMA 250, Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
 - .2 NEMA ICS 1, Industrial Control and Systems General Requirements.
 - .3 NEMA ICS 2, Industrial Control and Systems: Controllers, Contactors, and Overload Relays Rated 600 Volts.
 - .7 Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):
 - .1 UL 1012, Standard for Safety Power Units Other Than Class 2.

1.3 Quality Assurance

- .1 Qualifications
 - .1 The instrumentation Subcontractor shall be a firm normally engaged and fully competent in the type of Work described in this section of the Specification. The firm shall have been continuously and successfully engaged in this business for at least five years.
 - .2 Qualified journeyman instrument mechanics that are familiar with the devices being installed shall perform all instrument hook-ups, calibrations, and checkouts.
 - .3 Qualified journeyman electricians shall perform all control wiring installation and connections.
- .2 Contract Drawings and Specifications
 - .1 Treat any item or subject omitted from this division's Specifications or Drawings, but which is mentioned or reasonably specified in other divisions' Specifications or Drawings and pertains to the instrumentation and control system, as being integral to the overall system. Provide such specified items or subjects.
 - .2 Provide all minor items and Work not shown or specified but which are reasonably necessary to complete the Work.

1.4 Equipment

- .1 Receiving, Storing, and Protection of Components during Construction

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- .1 Examine each component upon delivery to Site. Report all damage noted to the Contract Administrator prior to accepting or rejecting delivery. All instrumentation primary elements, control components, panels, etc. shall be placed in a secure, dry, heated storage building. Maintain the space temperature above 10°C and the space relative humidity below 50 percent.
 - .2 Perform a preliminary examination upon delivery to ensure that:
 - .1 All instrumentation and control components supplied for this project under this section of the Specification comply with the requirements stated in the instrument Specification sheets.
 - .2 All instrumentation and control components supplied under other sections of this Specification, to be connected to instrumentation and control components supplied under this section of the Specification, comply with the requirements stated in the Contract Documents.
 - .3 Itemize all non-conformities noted above and forward them to the Contract Administrator. Any delays in construction resulting from the delivery to Site of non-conforming instrumentation and control components shall be borne by the Contractor.
 - .4 Do not install primary elements or other sensitive equipment until construction is sufficiently completed to provide an "operating condition" environment. Notify the Contract Administrator prior to installing any equipment of this type.
 - .5 Ensure that covers where required are properly installed on all equipment. Provide all covers, padding, guards, etc. as required to guard any equipment against damage.
 - .6 Return all damaged equipment to the factory for total corrective repairs. If deemed necessary by the Contract Administrator, the damaged equipment shall be replaced with new product. The Contractor shall bear any costs due to construction delays resulting from the delay in delivery of acceptable equipment.

1.5 Site

- .1 Classification of Plant Areas
 - .1 Refer to Division 26.

1.6 Documentation

- .1 Submittals
 - .1 Submit Shop Drawings for all products supplied by this division as per Section E4 – Shop Drawings.
- .2 Operations and Maintenance Manuals
 - .1 Refer to Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals for general O&M Manual submittal information.
 - .2 In addition to the requirements specified in Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals, provide the following information:

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- .1 Table of Contents - Arrange contents sequentially by systems under Section numbers. Label tabs of dividers between each to match section numbers in the Table of Contents.
 - .2 Systems Descriptions - A brief synopsis of each system typed and inserted at the beginning of each section. Include sketches and diagrams where appropriate.
 - .3 Maintenance and operating instructions for all equipment and controls - These operating instructions need not be manufacturer's data but may be typewritten instructions in simple language to guide the City in the proper operation and maintenance of this installation.
 - .4 A copy of all wiring diagrams complete with wire coding.
 - .5 Include type and accuracy of instruments used.
 - .6 Set of final reviewed Shop Drawings.
 - .7 Provide a tabulated list of all consumables utilized (fuses, lamps, etc.) indicating where used, type, rating and reorder details.
- .3 Construction Record Drawings
- .1 Maintain on-site a complete set of Construction Record Drawings as discussed in Section E106 – Drawings of Record.
 - .2 In addition to the requirements as stated in Section E106 – Drawings of Record, record the following information on the Drawings:
 - .1 All changes, alterations or additions
 - .2 All instrumentation cable and control tubing
 - .3 All changes to the numbers and location of outlets, motors, panels and end devices that may occur during the course of the Work.
 - .3 Before requesting the Certificate of Total Performance, make any necessary final corrections to the Drawings, sign each print as a certification of accuracy and deliver all sets to the Contract Administrator for approval.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 General

- .1 Selected Products:
 - .1 The design has been based on the use of the first named product where multiple products have been listed.
- .2 Quality of Products
 - .1 All products provided to be CSA Certified and ULC Listed where applicable.
 - .2 If products specified are not CSA Certified, obtain approval of the relevant provincial regulatory authority. Pay all applicable charges levied and make all modifications required for approval.

.3 Product Finishes

- .1 Products to be Manufacturer's standard finish.

2.2 Instrumentation

.1 General

- .1 Instruments are to be suitable for the environmental conditions in which they are to be installed.
- .2 Determine where injurious conditions may be expected to occur and make proper provision to protect the instruments to ensure their proper and reliable operation.
- .3 Provide power surge protection, heating cables and devices to protect instruments, equipment and lines from being functionally impaired or damaged by power surges or environmental conditions such as moisture or freezing.
- .4 Where instruments are to be located in electrically hazardous areas, provide properly rated explosion proof enclosures or intrinsically safe isolation barriers in accordance with the CEC.

2.3 Identification

- .1 Refer to Division 26 for general identification requirements. Provide laminated plastic nameplates with 6 mm black lettering on white background. Identify the loop tag number (where applicable) and the device name, function, and instrument range or setpoint value on the nameplate.
- .2 Where it is not possible to attach a laminated plastic nameplate to a field instrument component, provide the component with a stainless steel metal tag firmly wired to the device and identified with the loop tag number.
- .3 Identify all wires where they terminate at the marshalling panels, junction boxes and field devices with a heat shrink sleeve with machine printed labeling.
- .4 Clearly mark all panels, pull boxes, junction boxes, etc. to indicate the nature of service.
- .5 Provide neatly typed circuit directories for panel power distribution systems to indicate loops or devices powered by the circuit and the fuse size.
- .6 Identify all exposed control conduits at all pull box locations, where the conduits enter or leave a room, and 13 m on centre throughout the room. This shall apply to conduits above removable ceilings. Use Thomas & Betts TY-RAP 5532-M or equivalent labels purpose built for conduit identification.
- .7 For direct current wiring use black for positive and white for negative.
- .8 For thermistor wiring to motors use red and blue coloured, insulated wire.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Coordination with Other Divisions

- .1 Lay out the Work and equipment with due regard to architectural, structural and mechanical features. Structural Drawings take precedence over electrical Drawings regarding locations of walls, doors, and equipment.

3.2 Product Handling

- .1 Remove advertising labels from all products installed that have such labels attached. Identification or CSA Marks are not to be removed.

3.3 Separation of Services

- .1 Maintain separation between the electrical wiring system, piping, ductwork, and the instrumentation cables so that each system is isolated (except at approved connections to such systems) to prevent galvanic corrosion. In particular, contact between dissimilar metals, such as copper and aluminum, in damp or wet locations is unacceptable.
- .2 Do not support wiring from pipes, ductwork, etc. Hangers for suspended ceilings are not to be used for the support of wiring.
- .3 Classifications of Circuits
 - .1 The circuit categorization shall of first priority follow Canadian Electrical Code with respect to separation for electrical safety and the following shall apply with respect to electro-magnetic compatibility:

Very Noisy	High voltage circuits and their associated grounding
	High current (>200 A) LV circuits.
	Harmonic-rich LV circuits
	DC circuits: un-suppressed or above 50 V
Noisy	Low current class two (2) circuits
	Medium power pulsed or radio frequency circuits
Indifferent	ELV digital status circuits
	Intrinsically safe circuits
	Telecommunications circuits
	Fire alarm and emergency lighting circuits (note that some fire alarm circuits may fall into the category of signal circuits).
	Any other emergency, shutdown, or high integrity circuit (e.g. toxic gas alarm).
Sensitive	Analogue signal circuits
	Data communication circuits
Very Sensitive	Low level voltage and current signals (e.g. from instrument sensors).

- .4 Separation of Circuits
 - .1 This section relates to the running of cables carrying differing types of circuit in close proximity to one another and to other services. Sensitive circuits shall normally be run in overall shielded cable. Very sensitive circuits shall normally be run in individually twisted pair shielded cable.
 - .2 For cables sharing the same support/containment system, the following shall provide guidance to minimize extraneous interference.

Segregation between circuits	Very Noisy	Noisy	Indifferent	Sensitive	Very Sensitive
Very Noisy	Thermal grouping as per CE Code	150 mm	300 mm	300 mm	300 mm
Noisy	150 mm	Thermal grouping as per CE Code	150 mm	150 mm	150 mm
Indifferent	300 mm	150 mm	Separation of circuit types.	100 mm	100 mm
Sensitive	300 mm	150 mm	100 mm	Touching	50 mm
Very Sensitive	300 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	Touching

3.4 Wire and Cable

- .1 Refer to Division 26.

3.5 Equipment Connections

- .1 Prior to the connection of signal wiring to process control and instrumentation devices, check the device voltage rating and polarity for compatibility with the corresponding loop and/or schematic diagram. Where device and circuit characteristics are found to be incompatible, the connections are not to be made. Report the condition immediately to the Contract Administrator.
- .2 All control wiring diagrams illustrate typical control circuits applicable to the type of equipment specified. Control circuits may vary with different manufacturer's equipment. Verify all control circuits with the manufacturers of the equipment and make any corrections to the control wiring diagrams that may be required.
- .3 Provide power disconnect terminals in the marshalling panels for all devices and PLC/DCS/SCADA input/outputs sourced from the panel. Provide local power disconnect switches for all 120VAC power instruments. Mount adjacent to the instrument.
- .4 Provide a disconnecting means in the cable connecting each ultrasonic transponder to the transmitter. This disconnect shall consist of a terminal strip in a local water proof junction box.

3.6 Wiring to Equipment Supplied by Other Divisions

- .1 Equipment supplied by the City or by other divisions, that have external or field mounted control devices, are to be installed, wired and commissioned by this division.

3.7 Access Panels

- .1 Provide lockable access panels where instrumentation and control system junction boxes are concealed. Panels to be of adequate size for servicing of the concealed junction box and complete with necessary frames and hinged doors held closed with captive fasteners and lockable with a standard padlock. The type and size of panels are to be coordinated with the Contract Administrator.

3.8 Instrument Mounting Stands

- .1 Supply and install lockable instrumentation mounting stands as required. Stands are to be either floor or wall mounted. The mounting stands are to be fabricated from aluminum or galvanized steel.
- .2 Supply and install protective drip shields for any exterior stand-mounted instrumentation equipment. Drip shields are to extend 50 mm past the front and side faces of the equipment. Drip shields are to be fabricated from aluminum. All exterior enclosures and junction boxes are to be lockable with a standard padlock.

3.9 Sealing of Wall and Floor Openings

- .1 Seal all conduit and cable entries passing through outside walls of buildings, through partition walls separating electrical rooms from other areas, through fire separations, and through floors above grade.
- .2 Seal openings after all wiring entries have been completed.
- .3 Sealing material shall be fire resistant and shall not contain any compounds that could chemically affect the wiring jacket or insulating material. Cable penetrations through fire separations, if required, are to be sealed. Submit shop drawing for rated assembly prior to installation of fire stop.

3.10 Sleeves

- .1 Provide sleeves of galvanized steel pipe with machine cut ends of ample size to accommodate conduits passing through walls, partitions, ceilings, floors, etc.
- .2 For walls, partitions and ceilings the ends shall be flush with the finish on both sides. For floors the ends shall extend 100 mm above finished floor level.
- .3 Fill the space between the sleeve and the conduit with fire stop material and caulk around the top and bottom with approved permanently resilient, non-flammable and weatherproof silicone base compound. Ensure that the seal is compatible with the floor and ceiling finishes.
- .4 Locate the sleeves and position exactly prior to construction of the walls and floors.

3.11 Connections to Mechanical, Electrical and Existing Systems

- .1 Refer to Division 26 for the required tie-in procedures.

3.12 Tagging Standards for Devices and Wiring

- .1 Tag all devices, wires, and I/O using the assigned loop, equipment, or device tag name. Where tag naming and numbering is not specified, the Contract Administrator will provide naming and numbering that is consistent with the plant naming conventions.

3.13 Testing of Instrumentation Loops

- .1 After all devices within a loop have been connected, check the loop for correct functioning and interaction with other loops, where applicable. Provide written notice to the Contract Administrator when the loops are going to be tested so that the tests may be witnessed at the Contract Administrator's discretion.

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- .2 Check the operation of final control elements such as solenoid valves, actuators, etc. by manual control before checking with automatic control.
 - .3 Check and simulate all alarms and shutdown functions.
 - .4 Verify the status of all points connected or accessible to the Distributed Control System.
 - .5 Test all tubing for leaks in compliance with ISA 7.0.01. Isolate all instruments when tubing is being tested to protect against over pressure.
 - .6 Perform tests and record results on the test data forms that are included in this section. Develop additional and/or more detailed test forms as necessary to suit more complex instrumentation.
 - .7 Sign and date all test reports. Submit the test reports to the Contract Administrator within five (5) Business Days of testing.
 - .8 Coordinate and cooperate with Contract Administrator while verifying the Control System I/O.

3.14 Calibration

- .1 Instruments are to be factory pre-calibrated. Verify calibration after installation for all instruments installed under these Specifications. Provide a printed record of the factory calibration parameters for "smart" devices.
- .2 Prior to calibration, completely program all "smart" transmitters including entries of the appropriate range and tag number. Provide a printed record of smart device serial numbers against their assigned tag number with all programmed parameters.
- .3 Instruments to be set up and calibrated by an accredited instrument technician working under the approval of the instrument Manufacturer.
- .4 Calibrate all instruments to an accuracy of 0.5 percent of full range or better, or to the manufacturer's stated accuracy of the instrument whenever an accuracy of 0.5 percent is not achievable.
- .5 Prior to instrument installation perform the following applicable calibration for each instrument and its associated signal conditioning equipment:
 - .1 Calibrate all inline flow meters by a draw-down test
 - .2 Calibrate all density meters by lab samples
 - .3 Calibrate all vacuum and pressure instruments using a certified test gauge, dead weight tester, or certified manometer.
 - .4 Calibrate gas detectors using standard span gas samples.
 - .5 Calibrate temperature instruments using a certified pressure calibrator or a lab thermometer.
 - .6 Calibrate online analyzers with manufacturer supplied or lab prepared samples.

3.15 Commissioning

- .1 Refer to Section 01 91 13 - General Commissioning Requirements for additional requirements
- .2 Inspections
 - .1 Provide two (2) weeks' written notice to the Contract Administrator prior to energizing any system to allow for inspection by the Contract Administrator.
 - .1 Proper mounting
 - .2 Proper connections
 - .2 During commissioning, demonstrate to the Contract Administrator proper calibration and correct operation of instruments and gauges
 - .3 Commissioning of the instrumentation and control system to include but not be limited to the following.
 - .1 Verify installation of components, wiring connections and piping connections.
 - .2 Supervise wiring continuity and pipe leak tests.
 - .3 Verify instrument calibration and provide written report.
 - .4 Function check and adjust the instruments and control equipment under operational conditions.
 - .5 Coordinate manufacturer's service personnel as required for complete system testing.
 - .6 Instruct plant personnel in correct method of instruments and control equipment operation.
 - .7 Direct plant personnel at hand-over as to final adjustment of the system for correct plant operation.
 - .8 Ensure that the Manufacturer's representatives cooperate to complete the Work of this section.
 - .9 Verify signal levels and wiring connections to all instrumentation and control equipment.
 - .10 Coordinate and cooperate with the City's staff to commission the Control System I/O points.

3.16 Training

- .1 Provide multiple training sessions in accordance with Division 1 in the proper operation and maintenance of all control devices, final control elements, control valves, operator interface devices, SCADA computers, and ancillary components and instruments described under this division of the specifications.
- .2 Separate the training program into separate sessions for Maintenance and Operations personnel and customize the programs content for each group accordingly.

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- .3 Provide bound hard copies of all training materials for each attendee of the training sessions.
 - .4 Each training session shall include a class room theory component and adequate hands-on demonstrations to ensure all attendees fully understand all of the material being presented.
 - .5 Allow for 3 separate 8-hour Maintenance training sessions for up to 10 attendees at each session.
 - .6 Allow for 3 separate 8-hour Operations training sessions for up to 10 attendees at each session.
 - .7 Coordinate with the City to schedule the training sessions such that all shifts receive required training.

3.17 Test Forms

Form No.	Title
.1 ITR	Instrument Test Report
.2 LCR	Loop Check Report

Form LCR LOOP CHECK REPORT

- CHECKED OUT OK
- NOT APPLICABLE
- FURTHER ACTION REQUIRED

	INSTRUMENT TAG NO.								
LOOP NO. _____									
SHEET NO. _____									
P & I DWG. NO. _____									
INSTALLATION COMPLETE									
Primary Element									
Impulse Lines									
Block and Drain Valves									
Air Supply/Filter/Reg.									
Wiring									
Tracing/Insulation/Housing									
Mounting and Location									
PLC/SCADA I/O & Status									
CALIBRATED									
Impulse Lines Press. Tested									
LOOP CHECKED									
Element To Receiver									
X Mtr. to Receiver									
X Mtr./Trans. to Receiver									
X Mtr./Trans. to Switches									
Switches to Annunciator									
Interlocking Circuit									
Controller to Valve									
Controller Action D or R									

REMARKS:

READY FOR START-UP

DATE: _____

Installed by: _____

Checked by: _____

Form ITR INSTRUMENT TEST REPORT

SYSTEM: _____

SERVICE: _____ TAG NO. _____

LOCATION: _____

MAKE: _____ MODEL: _____

SERIAL NO.: _____ CSA: _____

ELEMENT: _____ RANGE: _____

DESIGN SETTING/RANGE: _____ CONTACT TO: _____ ON: _____

SIGNAL IN: _____ OUT: _____ ASSOCIATED INSTRUMENT: _____

INSTRUMENT CONDITION: _____ CONFORM TO SPEC: _____

PROJECT NO.: _____ DATA SHEET: _____

	TEST 1				TEST 2			
TEST METHOD								
	INPUT		OUTPUT		INPUT		OUTPUT	
PROCESS	INC.	DEC.	INC.	DEC.	INC.	DEC.	INC.	DEC.
TEST POINT 1								
TEST POINT 2								
TEST POINT 3								
TEST POINT 4								
TEST POINT 5								
COMMENTS								
GRAPHS								

TESTED BY: _____ CHECKED BY: _____

.1 DATE: _____

DATE: _____

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Introduction

- .1 This section outlines the operating description of the pumps in the Waverley Underpass Pumping Station.

2. OPERATING DESCRIPTION

2.1 Operating Summary

- .1 The Waverley Underpass Pumping Station is designed to pump stormwater from the Waverley Underpass Land Drainage System servicing the depressed road section to SRB 6-22 via a 1200 mm gravity LDS connected to the Discharge Chamber.
- .2 Small rainstorms shall be pumped from the Wet Well using P-U4 or P-U5 (sump pumps) located in the Wet Well, and discharging into the Discharge Chamber.
- .3 Larger rainstorms shall be pumped using P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 (duty pumps) located in the Wet Well, and discharging into the Discharge Chamber.

2.2 Level Sensors

- .1 The pumping station shall have one ultrasonic level sensor in the following location:
 - .1 LE-1600 – Underpass Pump Wet Well.
- .2 The pumping station shall have two float switches that will be a backup to the ultrasonic level sensor in the following locations:
 - .1 LS-1640 – Underpass Pump Wet Well:
 - .1 High Level Alarm triggered at 226.3 m.
 - .2 Low Level Alarm triggered at 223.7 m.

2.3 Gas Detectors

- .1 The pumping station shall have a gas detector AIT-1630 to determine if hydrocarbons are present in the Wet Well.
- .2 Natural Gas detector AIT-1631 located in the Generator Room. When 15% LEL or greater is detected, the following will occur:
 - .1 Initiate Gen Room exhaust fan and associated damper
 - .2 Disable the Natural Gas Generator
 - .3 Initiate an audio-visual alarm.

2.4 Sump Pumps – P-U4 and P-U5

- .1 The sumps pumps shall operate in duty-standby model, where only one sump pump, P-U4 or P-U5, shall be in operation at any one time.
- .2 P-U4 and P-U5 starts are to be alternated to distribute wear between the pumps.
- .3 P-U4 and P-U5 shall each have manual hand-off-automatic (H-O-A) switch located in the control room.
- .4 P-U4 or P-U5 shall activate/deactivate as follows under normal and stand-by power scenarios:
 - .1 P-U4 or P-U5 shall activate if water levels in the Wet Well (LE-1600) are greater than 222.2 m and all of the duty pumps (P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3) are inactive.
 - .2 P-U4 or P-U5 shall deactivate if water levels in the Wet Well (LE-1600) are less than 221.9 m or if any one of the duty pumps (P-U1, P-U2 or P-U3) are active.
- .5 P-U4 and P-U5 shall deactivate if the gas detector AE-1630 detects hydrocarbons in the Wet Well.

2.5 Duty Pumps – P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3

- .1 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 shall operate in lead-lag-standby mode.
- .2 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 starts shall be alternated to distribute wear between the three pumps.
- .3 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 shall each have manual hand-off-automatic (H-O-A) switch located in the control room.
- .4 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 shall activate/deactivate as follows under normal power scenario:
 - .1 The first duty pump shall activate if the water levels in the Wet Well (LE-1600) reaches 225.1 m. P-U4 or P-U5 (active sump pump) shall deactivate.
 - .2 The second duty pump shall activate if the water levels in the Wet Well (LE-1600) reaches 225.6 m.
 - .3 The third duty pump shall activate if the water levels in the Wet Well (LE-1600) reaches 226.0 m.
 - .4 All duty pumps shall deactivate if the water levels in the Wet Well fall below 224.0 m. P-U4 or P-U5 (sump pump) activates according to Article 2.4.
- .5 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 shall activate/deactivate as follows under stand-by power scenario:
 - .1 The first and second duty pumps (P-U1 and P-U2) shall activate/deactivate as under normal power scenario described in Article 2.5.4.
 - .2 The third duty pump (P-U3) shall remain deactivated as it is not supplied with stand-by power.
- .6 P-U1, P-U2 and P-U3 shall deactivate if the gas detector AE-1630 detects hydrocarbons Wet Well.

-
- .7 The low level float switch on LS-1640 set at 223.7 m shall verify that the water levels in the Wet Well are sufficient for safe operation of the duty pumps.

2.6 PLC Inputs for Display and Recording

- .1 All PLC input points will be displayed for City use and change of state (with date/time stamp) will be logged and stored. All stored data will be maintained for immediate recall for a period of six (6) months.
- .2 Stored data will be available for display as individual data points and as trends at selectable time scales. Time scales on graphs will be selectable between five (5) minutes and six (6) months.

2.7 PLC Output Points

- .1 All PLC outputs not otherwise described in the control descriptions above will be accessible on operator screens for manual start/stop or open/close control (for discrete points) or output range settable (for analog outputs) by the City.

2.8 Building Security

- .1 Intrusion monitoring and alarming shall be provided for the pumping station. Intrusion detection shall be via a magnetic door switch installed on all exterior doors and connected to the PLC at the pumping station. Upon activation of the door switch, the PLC will energize a 120 VAC entry alarm beacon and Sonalert 80 dB audible horn (on continuously) located inside the building and visible to anyone entering the building. At the same time, a three (3) minute time delay will start. If, within three (3) minutes, a valid 4 digit code is entered into the local HMI display, the alarm beacon and horn will stop, the three (3) minute time delay will be reset and the door switch will be disabled for two (2) hours. If the three (3) minute time delay is exceeded, the alarm beacon and horn will turn on and off at a one (1) second rate and an entry alarm will be generated locally. The telco based telemetry system will send an entry alarm to the existing City SCADA system. At any time after an alarm event, entering a valid 4 digit code will turn off the light/horn and reset the alarm. The 4 digit code will be able to be modified from the pumping station HMI by any authorized user with Site Manager Level access only.

2.9 Building Pressure Alarm

- .1 A building pressure alarm shall be provided for the pumping station. If PSL-100 indicates low building pressure and alarm condition within the PLC will be generated. If the door contacts for the exterior doors ZA-110 or generator room doors ZA-111 indicate a door or doors are open the alarm will remain local. If doors are closed, or if PSL-100 is indicating low pressure more than 5 seconds after door closure, a signal shall be sent to the McPhillips Control Centre indicating a low pressure condition, the 120 VAC entry alarm beacon shall activate and the 80 dB audible horn used with the building security system shall activate on for 1 second, off for 1 second. This alarm is required by code to maintain the control room free of hazardous gasses from the pumping station wetwell.

2.10 Remote Monitoring of Alarms

- .1 All alarms and conditions shown on the P&ID drawings shall be configured to transmit to the McPhillips Control Center unless otherwise indicated by the Contract Administrator.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 Equipment, products and execution must meet all requirements detailed in Section 40 90 00.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Transmitters and Indicators

- .1 Provide transmitters and indicators where required to facilitate the functionality indicated on the Drawings and/or in the Specifications.
- .2 Transmitters shall have adequate power output to drive all devices associated with the signal loop. Provide signal boosters and/or isolators as required to achieve adequate signal strength or to isolate the signal.
- .3 All transmitters to have local indication scaled in engineering units unless otherwise specified in the Drawings and Specifications. Provide a laminated plastic label indicating the calibrated range and engineering units and mount adjacent to the transmitter. Mount the transmitter so the indicator is visible by operations personnel.
- .4 Where available as an option, the transmitter shall be supplied with an isolated fault contact.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 Suppliers, Equipment, Products, and Execution must meet all requirements detailed in Section 40 90 00.
- .2 Local control stations shall be supplied to house local control switches, push buttons and indicator lights associated with field devices (valves, drives etc). The control stations shall be located in close proximity to their associated devices. Where a group of devices are located within close proximity to each other, the local controls may be combined into a single common local control panel. Line of site must be maintained between all devices and the respective local controls.

1.2 References

- .1 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - .1 NEMA 250, Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
 - .2 NEMA ICS 6, Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 General

- .1 Unless otherwise specified, provide outside finishes on all enclosures in ANSI 61 Grey.
- .2 The enclosures must be suitable for carrying the weight of the equipment mounted inside the panel and on the doors without any warping.

2.2 Enclosures

- .1 Provide Electrical NEMA Type 1A gasketed enclosures in ordinary locations.
- .2 Provide Electrical NEMA Type 4X enclosures for Category 1 and 2 locations.
- .3 Provide Electrical NEMA Type 3R enclosures for outdoor locations.
- .4 Enclosures for mounting field control indicator lamps, switches, and devices in unclassified areas to be heavy duty die cast enclosures.
- .5 Enclosures for mounting field control indicator lamps, switches, and devices in areas classified as electrically hazardous are to be certified for installation in Class 1, and Zone 0, Zone 1, or Zone 2 as required.

2.3 Panel Enclosures

- .1 Fabricate panel enclosures from 11 gauge steel panels complete with necessary stiffening to form a rigid free-standing line up. Provide removable top and bottom cable entry plates.
- .2 Provide panels with front access only. Doors shall be key lockable and fitted with 3-point heavy duty latching assemblies. Provide a continuous piano hinge and a pneumatic hold open device on each door.

-
- .3 Finish the interior of the enclosure with white paint. Provide a switched fluorescent light fixture and 120 VAC duplex convenience receptacle inside the enclosure.

2.4 Marshaling and Control Panels

- .1 Supply, fabricate, checkout, layout, document and deliver to Site fully equipped and functional panels.
- .2 Supply all components contained on or within the panels fully wired under this section of the Specification.
- .3 The selection of all accessories, materials and methods for fabrication not covered by this Specification, but which are necessary to complete the fabrication of the control panels, is the responsibility of the panel fabricator.
- .4 In dry non-hazardous areas, fans and filters shall be installed to pressurize all control panels thus discouraging dust accumulation and providing air purging for temperature and corrosion control.
- .5 Marshaling and control panels shall be adequately sized to facilitate a professional, uncluttered arrangement. Provide adequate internal and external space to accommodate a 20 percent increase in each type of component used.
- .6 Control and marshaling panel layouts and wiring diagrams are to be provided by the Contractor as Shop Drawings.

2.5 Wiring and Accessories

- .1 Provide wiring inside the panels according to the following Specifications:
 - .1 Control wiring to be a minimum of #16 AWG tinned stranded copper; insulation rated at 600 V.
 - .2 Wiring for power distribution shall be a minimum of #14 AWG tinned stranded copper; insulation rated at 600 V.
 - .3 Install cables in accordance with the requirements of Division 26.
- .2 Tag each wire at both ends with a heat shrink sleeve that is machine printed. Allow approximately 20 mm of wire insulation between the tag and the bare wire.
- .3 Wiring systems with different voltage levels or types shall be suitably segregated within the panel, according to relevant electrical codes.
- .4 Run all wiring in enclosed plastic wireways such as Panduit. Size all wireways so that the total cross sectional area of the insulated wire and cable does not exceed 40 percent of the cross sectional area of the wire way.
- .5 Provide a minimum clearance of 50 mm between wire ways and any point of wire termination.
- .6 Terminate all wiring, incoming and outgoing, at terminal strips mounted inside the panels. Identify each terminal strip with a terminal strip number, defined as follows:

-
- .1 Wire identification to use the connected field device tag name with the wire's corresponding end device terminal number appended to it.
 - .2 Identify every joint and/or terminal of the above wire run with the same identifier until the wire meets another tagged device, at which point the wire identifier will change to use the new device name and terminal number.
 - .3 For example, pressure transmitter S740-FIT located in the field has a 1 PR-TPSH cable connected to it. The cable runs through a junction box to a marshaling panel. The wire identifiers for the pair of wires would be S740-FIT all the way to the marshaling panel.
 - .4 Identify spare wires by using the cable tag, wire number and an "-SP" suffix.
 - .5 Arrange wiring on terminal blocks such that all internal panel wiring terminates on the inboard side of the terminal blocks and all external wiring terminates on the outboard side.
 - .7 Provide a 120 VAC panel power distribution system, a 24 VDC power distribution system, and other DC power distribution systems in each panel to accommodate installed devices. Provide a thermal magnetic circuit breaker on each main power circuit and a fused terminal block for each branched circuit off the main.
 - .8 Provide disconnect type terminal blocks to isolate field wiring of each circuit that is powered from the panel. Provide a dedicated fused disconnect type terminal block to isolate each individual PLC input and output.
 - .9 Provide sufficient terminals so that not more than two wires are connected under the same terminal. Provide 20 percent spare terminal capacity at each terminal block assembly.
 - .10 Provide nameplates for each device on or within the panels and enclosures. Nameplates shall be white laminated plastic with black lettering, a minimum of 25 mm x 75 mm in size with up to three lines of 5 mm lettering. Securely fasten nameplates in and situate them in a visible location.

2.6 Panel Grounding

- .1 Provide a ground system for the instrumentation circuits and analog cable shields, isolated from the main power system ground to each marshaling panel.
- .2 Provide grounding lugs for each panel, suitable for termination of up to #2 AWG copper grounding conductor.
- .3 Provide in each marshaling panel an isolated grounding bus bar 6 x 25 x 600 mm, equipped with necessary lugs for accepting two (2) #2 AWG grounding conductors.
- .4 Firmly bond all panel-mounted devices on or within the panels to ground. Provide supplementary bonding conductors for back panels and doors. Attach a separate bonding conductor to all devices that are not firmly fastened to the panels with screws for such devices as case mounted instruments, meters, etc.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

3.2 Mounting Heights

- .1 Unless otherwise specified or a conflict exists, mount all panels, starters and disconnects 2000 mm to top of cover.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 Equipment, Products and Execution must comply with Section 40 90 00.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Miscellaneous Panel Devices

.1 Pilot Lights

- .1 Provide LED transformer type pilot lights for extended lamp life, oil tight, push to test, complete with appropriate colour lenses. Normal colours used are ready=blue, run=green, stop=red, fault=amber. Refer to Division 26 and Section 8.1 of the Water & Waste Department Electrical Design Guide for additional information.

.2 Terminals

- .1 Provide industrial grade strap screw type terminal blocks rated for 600 V.
- .2 Identify each terminal block within an enclosure with a unique machine printed terminal block number. Cabinet chassis grounding terminal blocks to be identified by the electrical ground symbol.
- .3 Connections to screw terminals to be locking fork tongue insulated crimp type wire connectors.
- .4 Provide fused disconnect type terminal blocks for each load or loop powered from the marshalling panels.

.3 Nameplates

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

1.2 References

- .1 American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - .1 NEMA 250, Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
 - .2 ANSI/NEMA ICS 2, Industrial Control and Systems: Controllers, Contactors, and Overload Relays, Rated 600 Volts.
 - .3 NEMA ICS 6, Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 General

- .1 Use normally closed contacts for alarm actuation. The contacts open to initiate the alarm.
- .2 Use normally open contacts to control equipment. The contacts close to start the equipment.
- .3 Contacts monitored by solid state equipment to be hermetically sealed and adequately rated for the connected load.
- .4 Contacts monitored by electro-magnetic devices such as mechanical relays to be rated ANSI/NEMA ICS 2, designation B300.
- .5 Provide double barriers between switch elements and process fluids such that failure of one barrier will not permit process fluids into electrical enclosures.
- .6 Switch electrical enclosures to be rated NEMA 4X, minimum.
- .7 120 VAC switches to have a minimum of a 4 A rating.

2.2 Indicators, Pushbuttons and Selector Switches

- .1 All control indicator lamps, pushbutton switches, and selector switches in ordinary locations to be heavy duty oil tight such as Allen Bradley 800T or 800E or equivalent in accordance with B8.
- .2 All control indicator lamps, pushbutton switches, and selector switches in classified or Category 1 & 2 areas, or outdoors to be heavy duty weatherproof such as Allen Bradley 800H or equivalent in accordance with B8.
- .3 All control indicator lamps shall be push-to-test type.

2.3 Relays

- .1 The Quality and type of relays shall be based on industrial grade types generally as described below with contact rated for connected loads.
- .2 120 VAC relays to be 4PDT, plug-in, complete with test button and operation indicator, and surge suppressor.
- .3 24 VDC relays to be 2PDT plug-in, complete with test button and operation indicator, and surge suppressor diode.
- .4 Time delay relays for behind panel mounting to be Model 2PDT, plug-in, and programmable for sixteen (16) time ranges and four (4) operation modes.
- .5 Time delay relays for flush panel mounting and operator accessible timing range modifications to be SPDT, screw terminals, programmable for five (5) timing ranges and eight (8) operation modes, complete with digital display, module for time settings and flexible protective cover.
- .6 Where the contact ratings of the relays listed are insufficient for the application select an appropriate type from an approved manufacturer with the same quantity of contacts as was originally specified.
- .7 Provide relay plug-in sockets for DIN mounting complete with stacked screw clamp terminals.

2.4 Process Switches

- .1 Standard of acceptance for instrumentation shall be as follows:
 - .1 Float Switches shall be SPDT types with moulded polypropylene casing and pre-terminated and sealed corrosion extension cable.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00 - Common Work - Instrumentation and Controls.

1.2 References

- .1 Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):
 - .1 UL 1449, Standard for Safety Surge Protective Devices.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Power Supply and Conditioning Equipment

- .1 General
 - .1 Provide all DC power supplies as required for all instrument circuits. All instrument circuits are to be powered from the marshalling panels. Power supplies shall be dual redundant types with automatic fail-over function, fault contacts, and over-voltage protection module.
 - .2 DC power supplies shall be fully redundant with both units being rated for the connected load. Individual fault signals from each power supply shall be monitored by the PLC for alarming.
 - .3 Unless otherwise required, all DC power supplies to be rated 28 VDC, adjustable plus or minus 5%, and set to provide 24.0 V on the panel direct current bus. Size the power supply for two (2) times the connected load, minimum size is 2 amps.

2.2 Noise Suppression

- .1 Provide Surge Protective Devices (SPD) in each panel to power AC instrumentation and control (I&C) loads. Power conditioners constructed in accordance with UL 1449 are to be provided.

2.3 Control Panel Power Supply

- .1 Two (2) sources of 120 VAC power will be supplied to each control panel: one circuit will feed the UPS unit for critical loads and a second circuit will feed non-critical loads.
- .2 Control and operator interface system hardware including but not limited to programmable logic controllers (PLCs), PLC I/O racks, PLC communication modules, displays, and industrial network switches shall be powered from the UPS.
- .3 Instrument power and associated DC power supplies shall be powered from the UPS.
- .4 Non-critical loads include control panel interior lights and receptacles.
- .5 Provide the total expected critical and non-critical loads fed from each control panel as a Shop Drawing submittal so that the external power sources and UPS can be properly sized.

2.4 Noise Suppression

- .1 Provide power conditioners in each panel to power AC instrumentation and control loads. Power conditioners are Oneac Series CX or acceptable alternative.

2.5 UPS Power Supply

- .1 Provide an un-interruptible power supply (UPS) in each control panel to power control system and SCADA equipment.
- .2 Size UPS standby capacity for 30 minutes at full load rating.
- .3 Provide on-line units from Exide, Oneac, Toshiba, Best or approved equal in accordance with B8.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00 - Common Work - Instrumentation and Controls.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 Related Work

- .1 Refer to Division 26.

1.2 Product Data

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Division 26.

1.3 Inspection

- .1 Provide adequate notice to the Contract Administrator so that all cable installations can be inspected prior to energizing equipment.

1.4 Standards

- .1 All wire and cable shall be CSA Certified.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Twisted Pair Shielded Cables (TPSH)

- .1 TPSH shall be constructed as follows:
 - .1 Two (2) copper conductors, stranded, minimum #18 AWG, PVC insulated, twisted in nominal intervals of 50 mm.
 - .2 Insulated for 600 V, 90°C
 - .3 100 percent coverage aluminum foil or tape shield.
 - .4 Separate bare stranded copper drain wire, minimum #18 AWG.
 - .5 Overall flame retardant PVC jacket to CSA-C22.2.
 - .6 The entire cable assembly to be suitable for pulling in conduit or laying in cable tray.
 - .7 Interlocked aluminum armour and outer PVC jacket.
 - .8 Shaw Type 1751-CSA or equivalent in accordance with B8.
- .2 Where multi-conductor TPSH cables are called for, each pair shall be individually shielded, continuous number coded, and the cable assembly shall have an overall shield and overall flame retardant PVC jacket.

2.2 RTD and Multi Conductor Shielded Cable

- .1 RTD cables shall be CSA approved and shall be constructed as follows:
 - .1 Three or more copper conductors, stranded, minimum # 18 AWG.
 - .2 PVC insulated for 600 V.

-
- .3 100 percent coverage aluminum foil or tape shield.
 - .4 Separate bare stranded copper drain wire.
 - .5 Interlocked aluminum armour and outer PVC jacket.
 - .6 Overall flame retardant PVC jacket to CSA-C22.2.

2.3 TECK Cables

- .1 As per Division 26.

2.4 Wire

- .1 As per Division 26.

2.5 100 Base TX Category 5e Communication Cable

- .1 Category 5E cable shall be CSA Certified and constructed as follows:
 - .1 4 bonded pairs, solid stranded, #24 AWG.
 - .2 Interlocked aluminum armour.
 - .3 Rip cord.
 - .4 PVC inner and outer jackets.
 - .5 UL verified to Category 5E.
 - .6 Insulated for 300 V.
 - .7 Belden 121700A or equivalent in accordance with B8.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

3.2 Analog Signals

- .1 Use TPSH cable for all low level analog signals such as 4-20 mA, pulse type circuits 24 VDC and under, and other signals of a similar nature.
- .2 Use RTD cable for connections between RTDs and transmitters or control system RTD inputs.

3.3 Digital Signals

- .1 Use TPSH cable for all low level input (24 V and below) and output signals to the control system.

3.4 Instrument Power

- .1 Use TECK cable or wire and conduit for power to instruments, for 120 V signals other than those mentioned above and as otherwise indicated on the Drawings. Use stranded wire and cable to supply power to instruments.

3.5 Installation

- .1 Install instrumentation cables in conduit systems or in cable trays. Use a minimum of 300 mm and a maximum of 1000 mm length of liquid tight flexible conduit to connect the field sensors to the conduit.
- .2 Where non-armoured instrumentation cables are installed in cable trays, provide barriers in the tray to separate instrumentation cables from power cables.
- .3 At each end of the run leave sufficient cable length for termination.
- .4 Do not make splices in any of the instrumentation cable runs.
- .5 Cable shields shall be terminated on insulated terminals and carried through to the extent of the cable.
- .6 Ground cable shields at one end only. Unless otherwise specified, ground the shields at the marshalling panel.
- .7 Protect all conductors against moisture during and after installation.

3.6 Cat 5E Installation:

- .1 Always follow the Manufacturer's guidelines for minimum bend radius and tension.
- .2 All installations and terminations shall be performed by personnel experienced in Cat 5E cable installation.
- .3 Perform cable testing with time domain reflectometer (TDR) instrument and provide complete detailed test report. Test all runs upon completion of permanent terminations, using instrumentation acceptable to the Contract Administrator. Before commencing testing, submit sample test data sheets and information with respect to test instrumentation to be used.
 - .1 Test for the following:
 - .1 Continuity.
 - .2 Pair placement and polarity.
 - .3 DC resistance.
 - .4 Characteristics at highest contemplated frequency:
 - .1 Attenuation - data cable.
 - .2 Mutual Capacitance - data cable.
 - .3 Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) - data cable.

.5 Run length.

.2 Tests to be conducted to Cat 5E standards

.3 Reconnect or re-install and retest as necessary to correct excessive variations.

3.7 Conductor Terminations

.1 All equipment supplied shall be equipped with terminal blocks to accept conductor connections.

.2 Instrumentation conductors, where terminated at equipment terminals other than clamping type terminal blocks, shall be equipped with self-insulated, locking type terminators, sized as required to fit conductors and screw terminals.

3.8 Testing

.1 Test all conductors for opens, shorts, or grounds. Resistance values shall not be less than those recommended by the cable manufacturer.

3.9 Identification

.1 Identify all instrumentation cables.

.2 Identify each conductor with wire numbers using a machine printed heat-shrink wire marker.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 The Work includes the provision of instrument specification sheets for all instruments supplied for this project.
- .2 Refer to Section 40 90 00 for instrumentation and control common work related to the instrument specification sheets.

1.2 References

- .1 International Society of Automation (ISA):
 - .1 ISA 20, Specification Forms for Process Measurement and Control Instruments, Primary Elements and Control Valves.
- .2 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - .1 NEMA 250, Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
 - .2 NEMA ICS 6, Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures.

1.3 Instrument Specification Sheets

- .1 Provide data sheets to itemize detailed as-built information regarding the Specification of instruments included as part of this Work for each instrument supplied. The data sheets already included in this Section list specific minimum requirements for particular applications.
- .2 Use forms in accordance with the ISA 20 as a template for the preparation of the specification sheets.

2. PRODUCTS

- .1 Refer to the following specification sheets.

3. EXECUTION (NOT USED)

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATION NUMBER:	I-101
DEVICE:	Liquid Level Transmitter
TAG:	Refer to Instrument Index, Section 40 96 20
TYPE:	Ultrasonic
SERVICE:	Refer to Instrument Index and P&ID Diagrams
RANGE:	Refer to Instrument Index, Section 40 96 20
INACCURACY:	±0.5% of span
OUTPUT:	4 to 20 mA DC into 500 ohm load 5 configurable alarm relays
POWER SUPPLY:	120 VAC, 60 HZ
ENCLOSURE:	NEMA 4X Transmitter Housing NEMA 4X Sensor with Class 1, Zone 1 Rating
MOUNTING:	
	(TRANSMITTER) Wall Mount
	(SENSOR) Provide PVC pipe mounting well with flange and mount sensor in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to ensure stable readings. Mounting well shall extend 150 mm AFF. Install sensors at least 350 mm above maximum liquid level. Provide PVC blind flange for mounting sensor.
ACCESSORIES:	1 - hand-held programmer
MANUFACTURER:	Siemens Magnetrol Endress & Hauser

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATION NUMBER:	I-102
DEVICE:	Float Switch
TAG:	Refer to Instrument Index, Section 40 96 20
SERVICE:	Refer to Instrument Index and P&ID Diagrams
OUTPUT:	SPDT Contacts
ENCLOSURE:	NEMA 4X Polypropylene float casing with pre-terminated signal cable and Class 1, Zone 1 rating.
MOUNTING:	Locate the float switch near an access hatch and away from turbulent areas of the vessel if possible. Provide strain relief-type connectors to suspend float at desired location. Fabricate mounting brackets from 316 SS. Provide anti-sway rings to prevent tangling of the float cable.
MANUFACTURER:	Flygt (Xylem Inc.) Consolidated Electric Cooperative Inc. Warwick (Gems Sensors & Controls) Magnetrol

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATION NUMBER:	I-103
DEVICE:	Infra-Red Combustible Gas Detector
TAG:	Refer to Instrument Index, Section 40 96 20
TYPE:	Infra-Red absorption at 3.34 microns
SERVICE:	Detection of gasoline vapour or methane in ambient air.
POWER SUPPLY:	24 VDC nominal. Operating range is 18 to 32 VDC with less than 0.5v P-P ripple.
RANGE:	0 – 100%LFL adjustable range
ACCURACY:	±3% from 0 – 50% LFL
OPERATING TEMPERATURE:	-40 ⁰ C - +75 ⁰ C
OPERATING HUMIDITY:	5 – 95% R.H.
OUTPUT:	4 to 20 mA DC calibrated to 0 – 50% LFL 1 Form-C Warning alarm relay set at 5% LFL 1 Form-C Alarm relay set at 10% LFL 1 Form-C Instrument Fail Alarm relay
DISPLAY:	Digital display with keypad
ENCLOSURE:	NEMA 4X with Class 1, Zone 1 certification
MOUNTING:	Wall mount
OPTIONS:	Alarm relay board. Intrinsically safe HART communication port. Hand-held HART configuration tool. Calibration kit c/w instructions and recommended span gas.
MANUFACTURER AND MODEL:	Det-Tronics (Detector Electronics Corporation) Type PIRECL Or Approved Equal in accordance with B8

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATION NUMBER:	I-104
DEVICE:	Combustible Gas Alarms
PANEL TAG:	AA-100
PANEL LABEL:	Lamicoid: "PANEL AA-100" "Combustible Gas Warning"
SERVICE:	Duty Pump Wet Well.
ENCLOSURE:	NEMA 12 Wall mounted cabinet.
POWER SUPPLY:	120 VAC
OPERATING TEMPERATURE:	-40 ⁰ C - +40 ⁰ C
OPERATING HUMIDITY:	5 – 95% R.H.
STROBE LIGHT:	Edwards Signaling or Federal Signal Corporation strobe light with Red lens.
BUZZER:	Edwards Signaling or Federal Signal Corporation alarm buzzer.
SILENCE BUTTON:	Refer to 40 95 53 Provide Lamicoid label: "Silence"
SILENCE RELAY:	Refer to 40 95 53

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATION NUMBER:	I-105
DEVICE:	Infra-Red Combustible Gas Detector
TAG:	Refer to Instrument Index, Section 40 96 20
TYPE:	Infra-Red absorption at 3.34 microns
SERVICE:	Detection of Natural Gas in ambient air.
POWER SUPPLY:	24 VDC nominal. Operating range is 18 to 32 VDC with less than 0.5v P-P ripple.
RANGE:	0 – 100%LFL adjustable range
ACCURACY:	±3% from 0 – 50% LFL
OPERATING TEMPERATURE:	-40 ⁰ C - +75 ⁰ C
OPERATING HUMIDITY:	5 – 95% R.H.
OUTPUT:	4 to 20 mA DC calibrated to 0 – 50% LFL 1 Form-C Warning alarm relay set at 5% LFL 1 Form-C Alarm relay set at 15% LFL 1 Form-C Instrument Fail Alarm relay
DISPLAY:	Digital display with keypad
ENCLOSURE:	NEMA 4X with Class 1, Zone 1 certification
MOUNTING:	Wall mount. Mount so Local Digital display is visible
OPTIONS:	Alarm relay board. Remote sensor to be mounted at ceiling height. Intrinsically safe HART communication port. Hand-held HART configuration tool. Calibration kit c/w instructions and recommended span gas.
MANUFACTURER AND MODEL:	Det-Tronics (Detector Electronics Corporation) Type PIRECL Or Approved Equal in accordance with B8

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

.1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

1.2 Instrument Loop Drawings

.1 The following Drawings show typical instrument loop and motor control wiring diagrams. One (1) drawing per loop or motor drive will be completed by the Contractor and submitted for approval after award of Contract. The Contractor must review each wiring detail together with the reviewed shop drawings for the respective equipment and modify the drawing to comply with the selected equipment manufacturer's requirements. Record all modifications, terminal numbers, wire numbers, etc. to as-constructed status and include copies of each drawing in the as-constructed drawing set. The following drawings are an integral part of this Specification Section:

ILD-01	Instrument Loop Diagram – FVNR Soft Starter
ILD-02	Instrument Loop Diagram – Submersible Motor Protection Relays
ILD-03	Instrument Loop Diagram – Thermistor Relay Connection
ILD-04	Instrument Loop Diagram – Typical Ultrasonic Level Transmitter
ILD-05	Instrument Loop Diagram – Typical High Level Switch
ILD-06	Instrument Loop Diagram – Combustible Gas Detector
ILD-07	Instrument Loop Diagram – General Alarms
ILD-08	Instrument Loop Diagram – Door/Window Magnetic Switch

2. PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

3. EXECUTION (NOT USED)

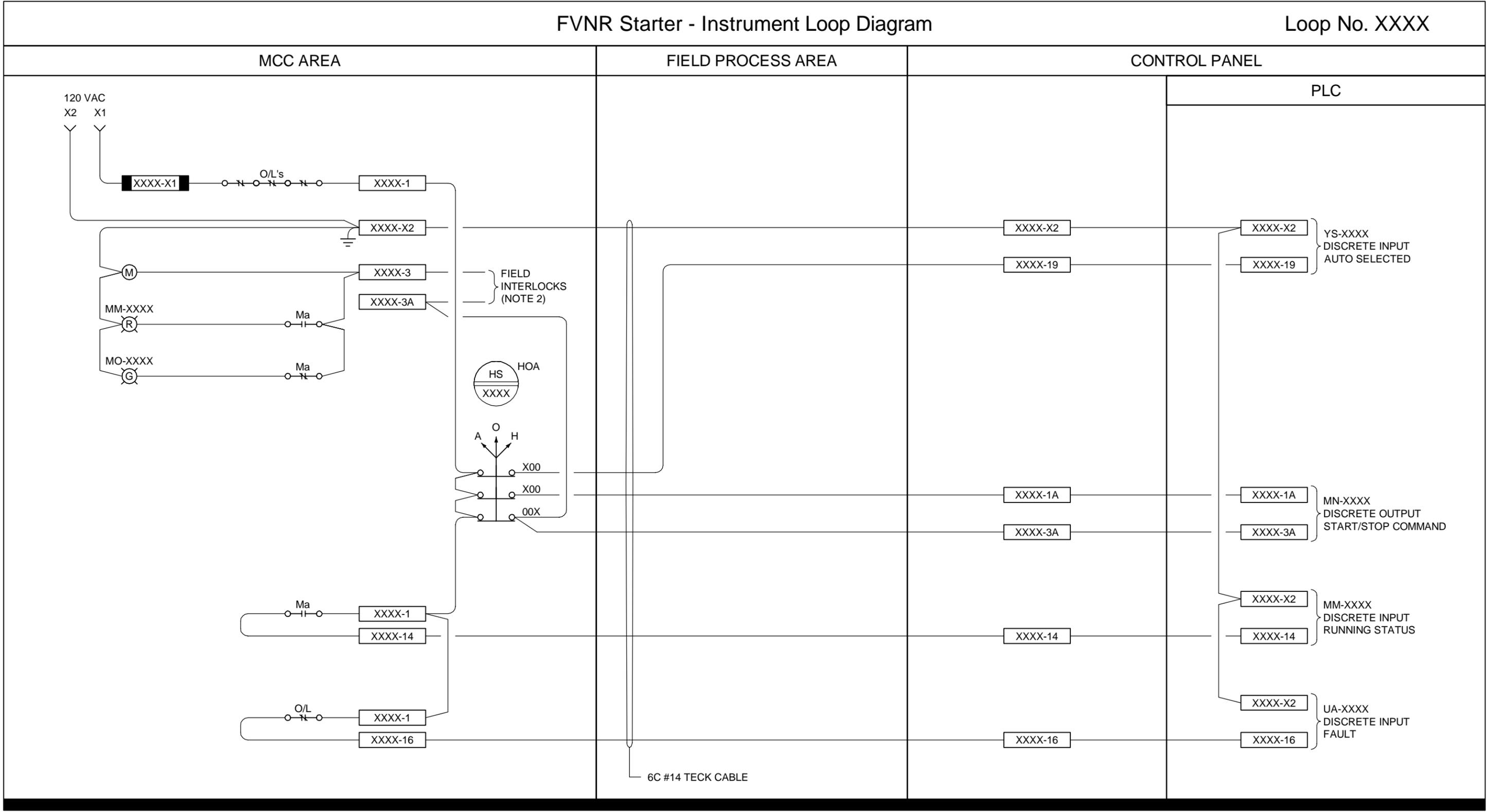
END OF SECTION

FVNR Starter - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

Project Management Initials: DES-AAA CHK-BBB APP-CCC

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Filename: P:\60321148\400-TECHNICAL\800 - ELECTRICAL\ILD\60321148-SHT-01-I-0000.DWG



- NOTES**
- THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL DRIVES. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
 - REFER TO OTHER LOOP DIAGRAMS FOR FIELD INTERLOCK REQUIREMENTS.
 - FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA.

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PROJECT
 WAVERLEY STREET
 UNDERPASS AT CN
 MILE 3.89 RIVERS SUB
 City of Winnipeg
 CONTRACT 2

SHEET TITLE
 INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
 TYPICAL FVNR STARTER

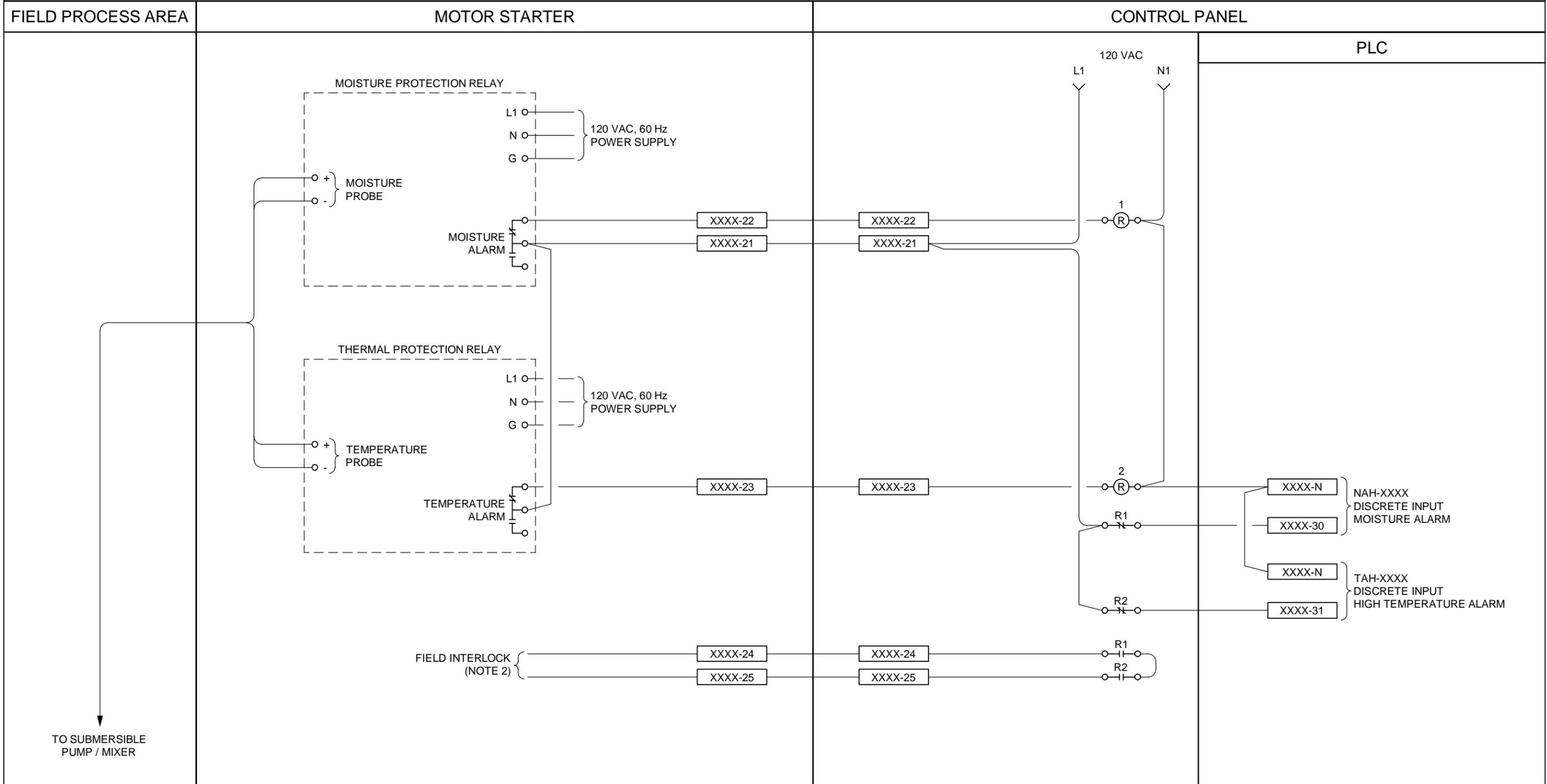
SHEET NUMBER
 ILD-001

Submersible Motor Protection Relay - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

Project Management Initials: DES-AAA CHK-BBB APP-CCC

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NOTES

1. THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL DRIVES. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
2. REFER TO OTHER LOOP DIAGRAMS FOR CONNECTION TO MOTOR STARTING CIRCUITS.
3. FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA OR USE INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIERS.

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City of Winnipeg
CONTRACT 2

SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM SUBMERSIBLE MOTOR PROTECTION RELAY

SHEET NUMBER

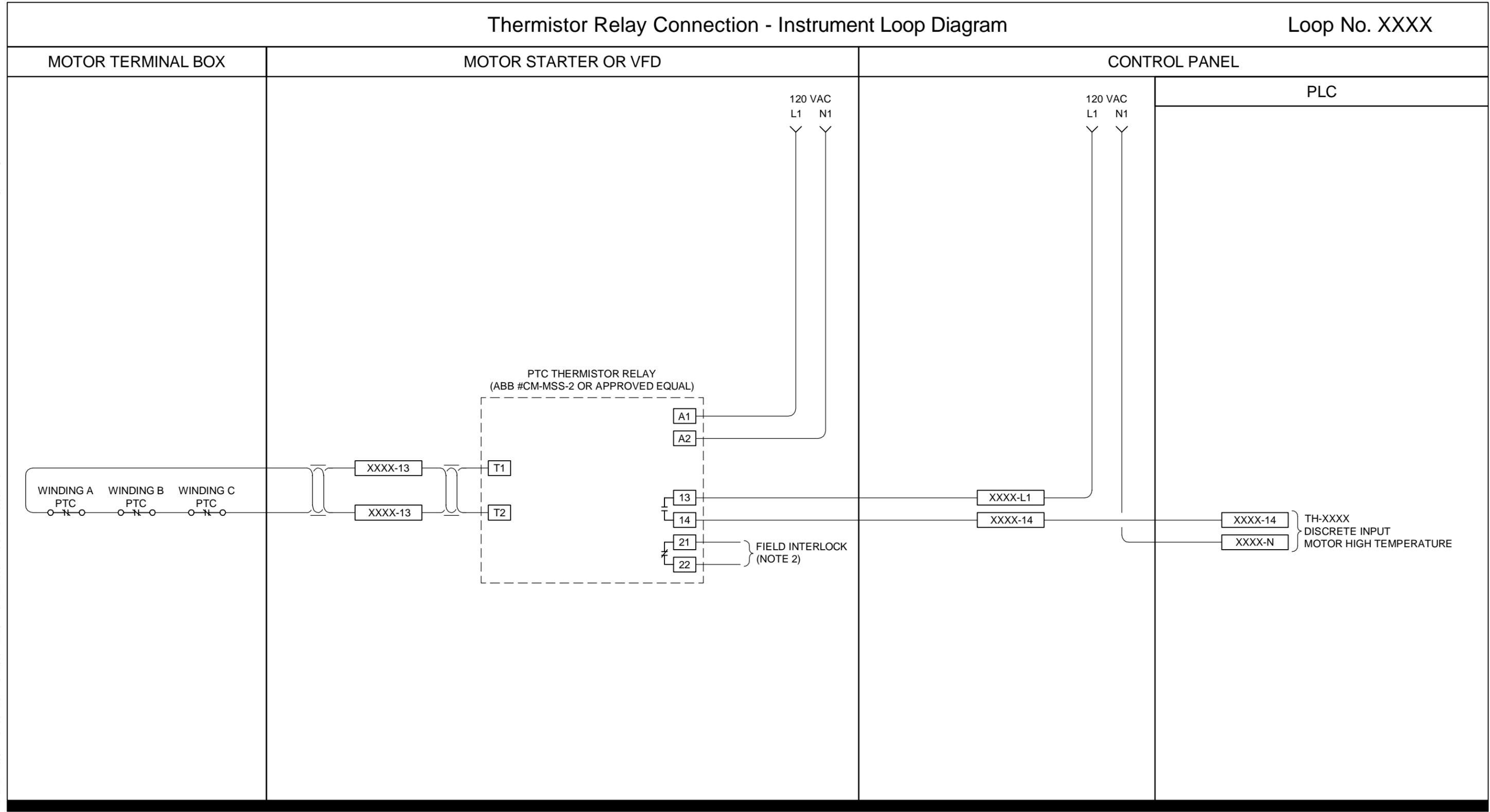
ILD-002

Thermistor Relay Connection - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

Project Management Initials: DES: AAA CHK: BBB APP: CCC

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- NOTES**
- THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL DRIVES. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
 - REFER TO OTHER LOOP DIAGRAMS FOR CONNECTION TO MOTOR STARTING CIRCUITS.
 - FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA OR USE INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIERS.

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PROJECT

**WAVERLEY STREET
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MILE 3.89 RIVERS SUB**
City of Winnipeg
CONTRACT 2

SHEET TITLE

**INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
THERMISTOR RELAY CONNECTION**

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-003

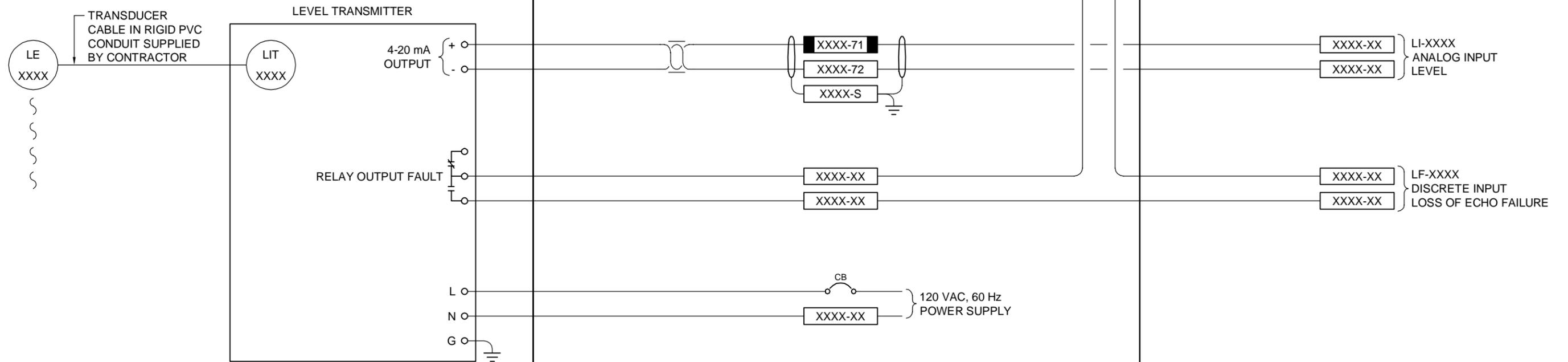
Ultrasonic Level Transmitter - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

FIELD PROCESS AREA

CONTROL PANEL

PLC



NOTES

- THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL INSTRUMENTS. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
- FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA OR USE INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIERS FOR OUTPUTS.

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PROJECT

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 MILE 3.89 RIVERS SUB
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 CONTRACT 2

SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
 TYPICAL ULTRASONIC
 LEVEL TRANSMITTER

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-004

Project Management Initials: DES-AAA CHK-BBB APP-CCC

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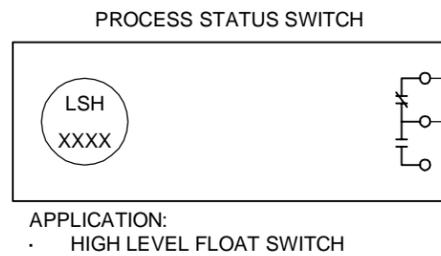
High Level Float Switch - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

FIELD PROCESS AREA

CONTROL PANEL

PLC



120 VAC
 H N

XXXX-H
 XXXX-25

XXXX-25
 XXXX-N } LH-XXXX
 DISCRETE INPUT
 HIGH LEVEL

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 Filename: P:\60321148\400-TECHNICAL\800 - ELECTRICAL\ILD\60321148-SHT-01-I-0000.DWG
 Project Management Initials: DES: AAA CHK: BBB APP: CCC

NOTES

- THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL INSTRUMENTS. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
- FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA.

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SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
 TYPICAL HIGH LEVEL SWITCH

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-005

Combustible Gas Detector - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

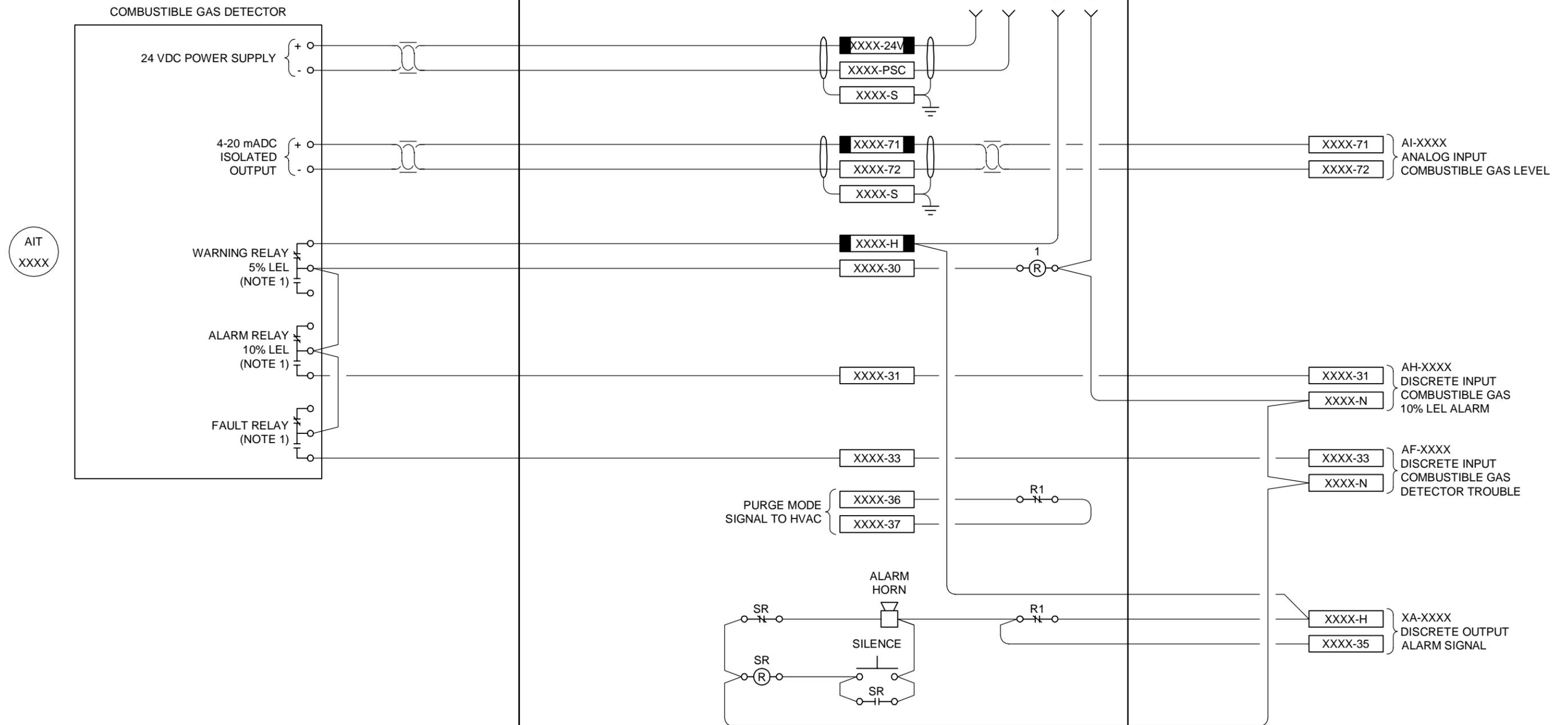
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Filename: P:\60321148\400-TECHNICAL\800 - ELECTRICAL\ILD\60321148-SHT-01-I-0000.DWG

FIELD PROCESS AREA

CONTROL PANEL

PLC



NOTES

- CONFIGURE ALARM RELAYS TO TRANSFER STATE UPON ALARM OR POWER FAILURE. CURRENTLY SHOWN DE-ENERGISED.
- FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA OR USE INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIERS FOR ANALOG AND DISCRETE SIGNALS.

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PROJECT

WAVERLEY STREET UNDERPASS AT CN MILE 3.89 RIVERS SUB
City of Winnipeg
CONTRACT 2

SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM COMBUSTIBLE GAS DETECTOR

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-006

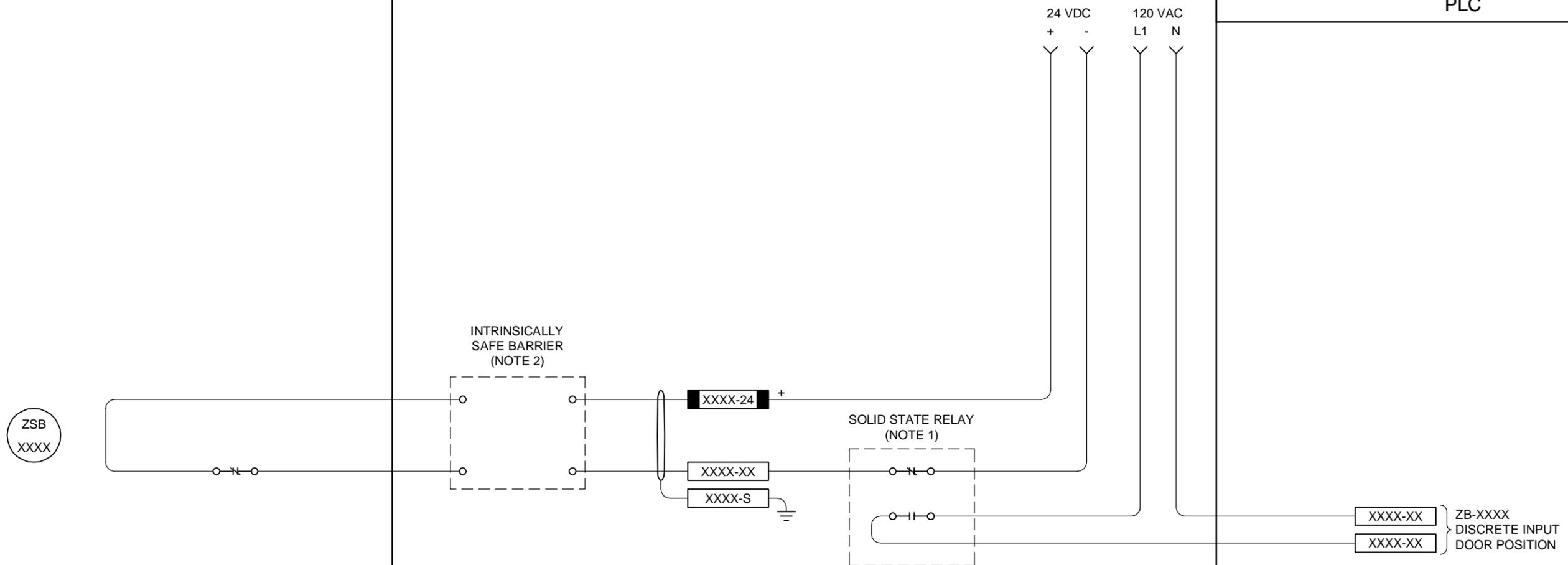
General Alarm - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

FIELD PROCESS AREA

CONTROL PANEL

PLC



NOTES

1. PROVIDE INTERPOSING RELAY TO FACILITATE INTERFACING THE LOW VOLTAGE DOOR CONTACT WITH THE 120 VAC PLC INPUT.
2. SUPPLY AND INSTALL INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIER IF REQUIRED.

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 City of Winnipeg
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SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
 DOOR / WINDOW MAGNETIC SWITCH

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-007

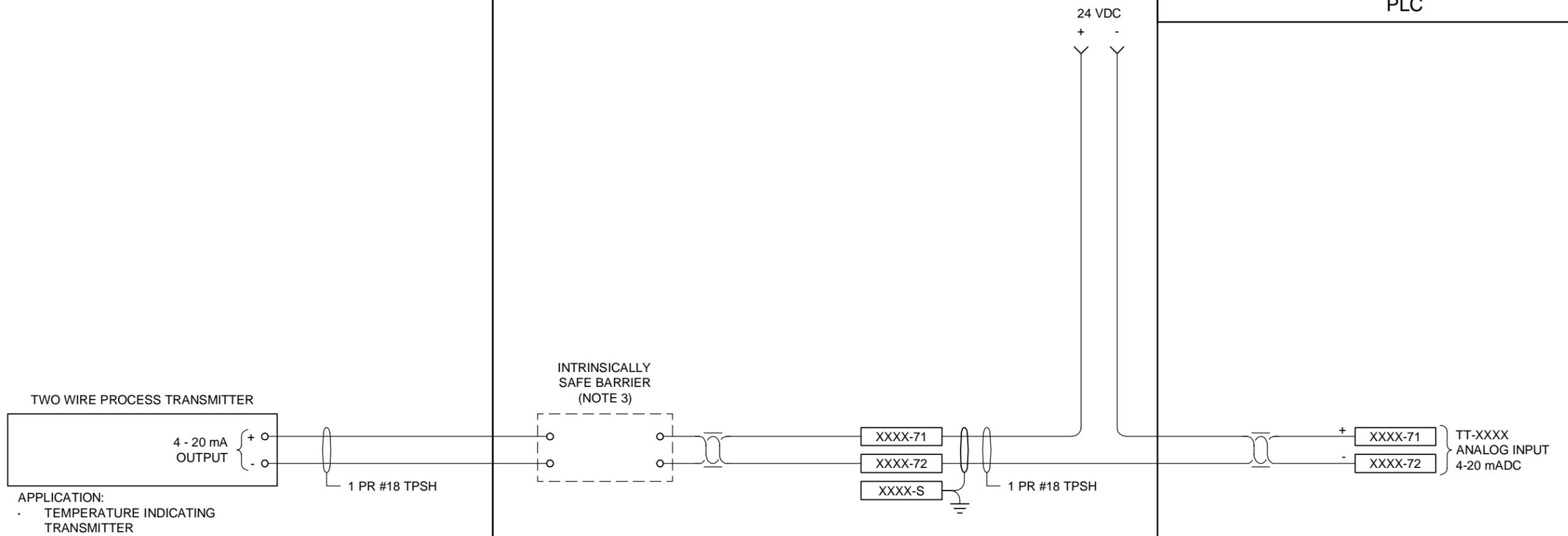
Two Wire Transmitter - Instrument Loop Diagram

Loop No. XXXX

FIELD PROCESS AREA

CONTROL PANEL

PLC



NOTES

1. THIS DRAWING IS TYPICAL FOR SEVERAL INSTRUMENTS. REFER TO INSTRUMENT INDEX FOR APPLICATIONS.
2. FIELD WIRING SUITABLE FOR CLASS 1, ZONE 1 AREA.
3. SUPPLY & INSTALL INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIERS IF REQUIRED BY THE TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER MANUFACTURER.

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WAVERLEY STREET
 UNDERPASS AT CN
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SHEET TITLE

INSTRUMENT LOOP DIAGRAM
 TYPICAL TWO WIRE TRANSMITTER

SHEET NUMBER

ILD-008

Project Management Initials: DES: AAA CHK: BBB APP: CCC

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1. GENERAL

1.1 General

.1 Refer to Section 40 90 00

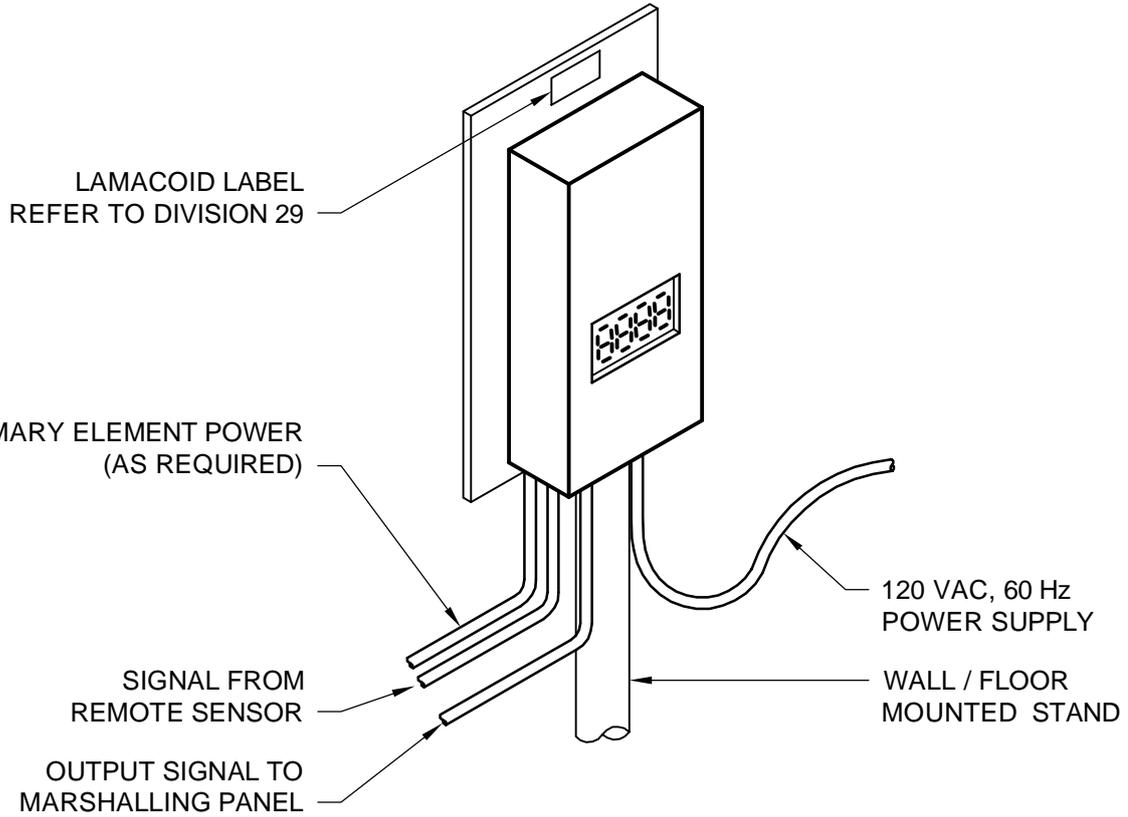
1.2 Installation Diagrams

.1 The following details show typical instrument installation details to assist the Contractor with mounting details for each instrument. The Contractor must review each installation detail together with the reviewed shop drawings for the respective equipment and modify the details if required to comply with the selected equipment manufacturer's requirements. Record all modifications to the instrument installation details to as-constructed status and include copies of each in the as-constructed drawing set.

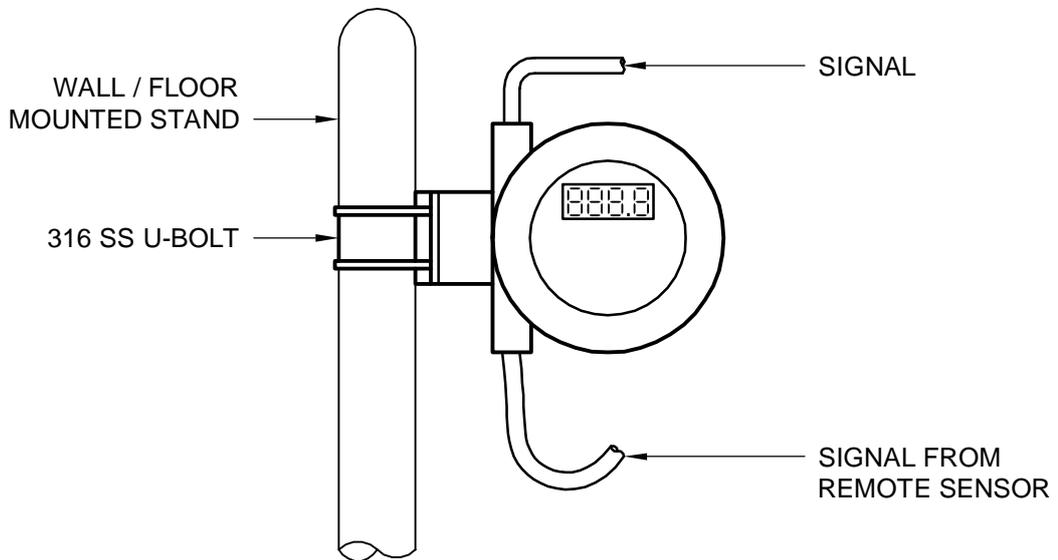
2. PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

3. EXECUTION (NOT USED)

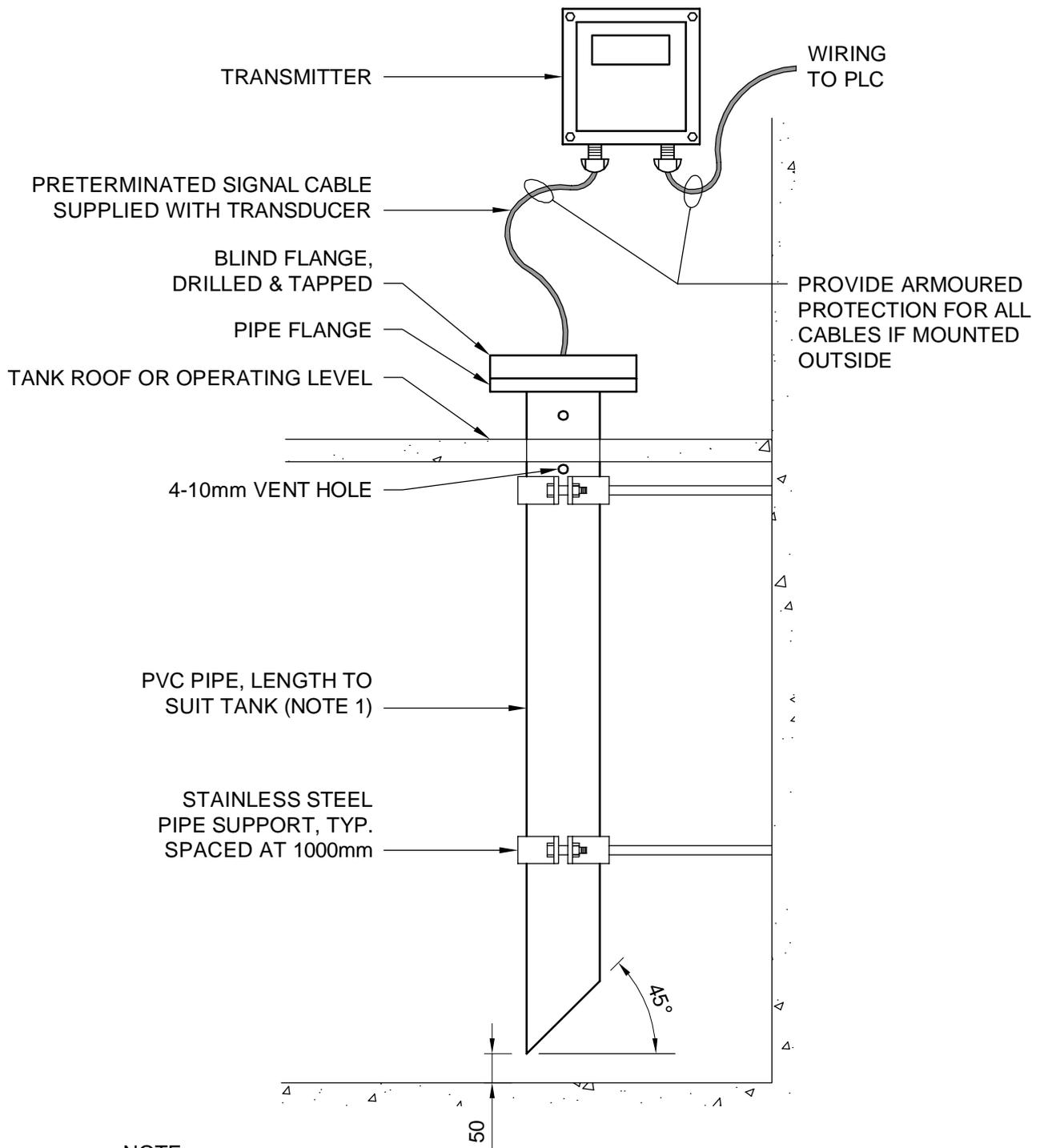
END OF SECTION



POST MOUNTED - SELF-POWERED

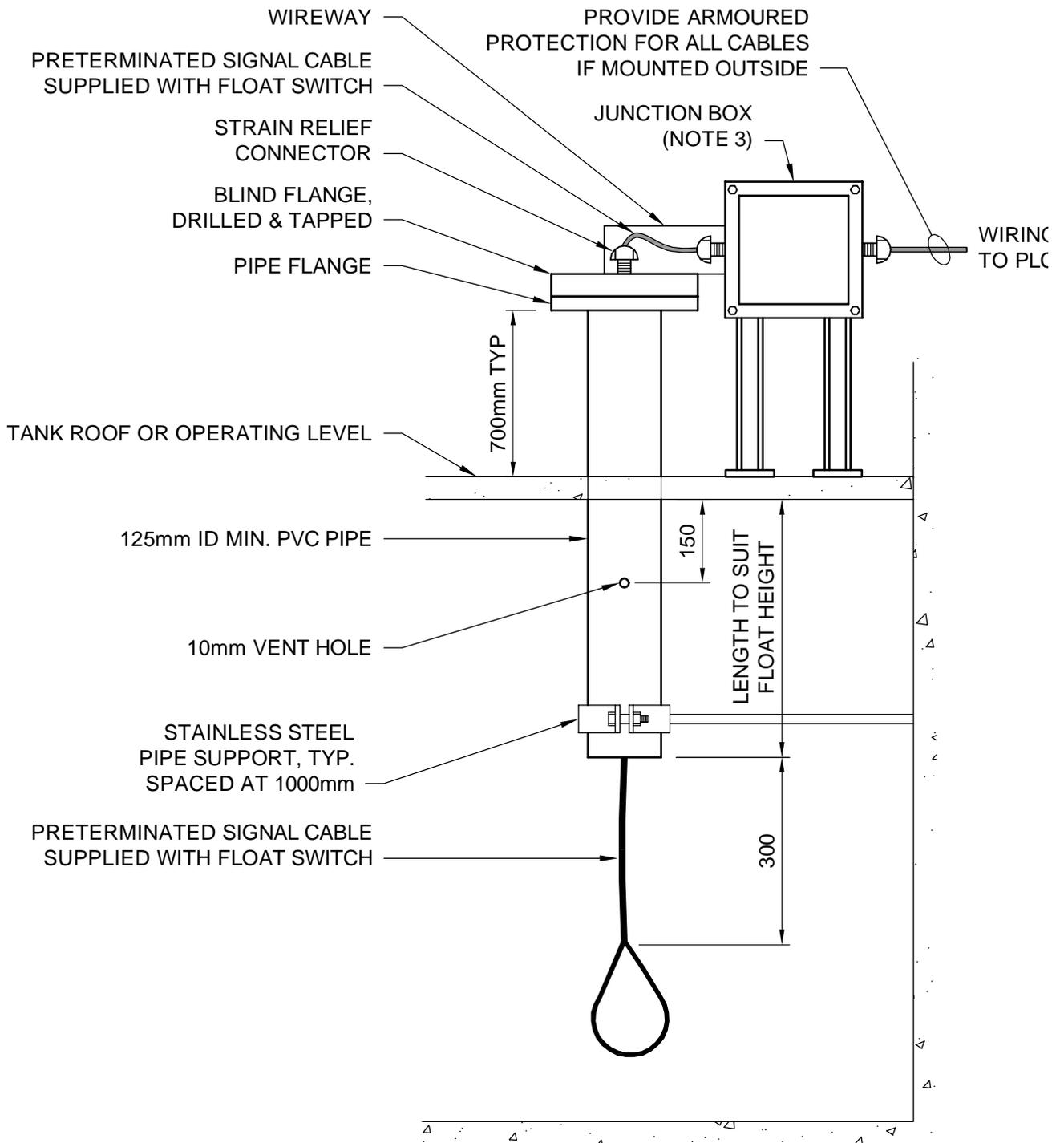


PIPE MOUNTED - LOOP POWERED



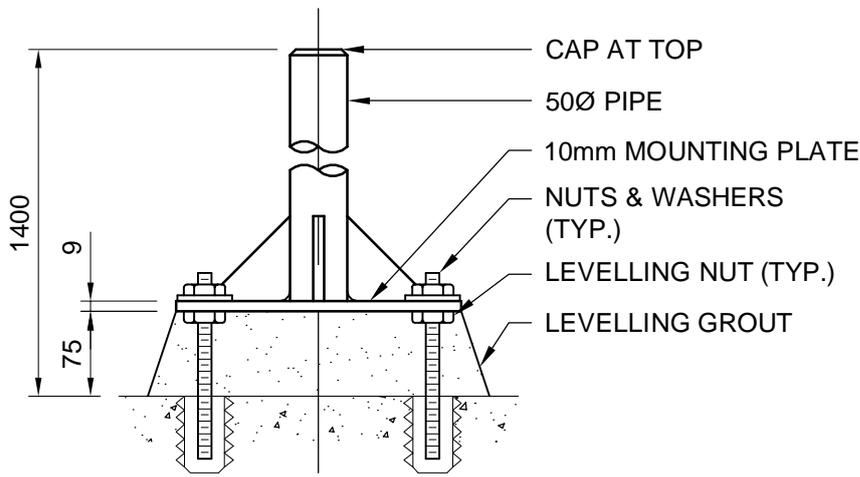
NOTE:

1. LOCATE LEVEL TRANSMITTER AND STILLING WELL NEAR ACCESSIBLE HATCH OR OTHER CONVENIENT TANK ACCESS POINT. SELECT STILLING WELL DIAMETER TO SUIT LEVEL DEVICE, ENSURING THAT INSIDE DIAMETER IS LARGER THAN SENSOR OUTSIDE DIAMETER.
2. USE FLANGE-MOUNTING WHERE THE STILLING WELL MUST PENETRATE TANK COVER OR WHERE TANK WALL BRACKET IS NOT PRACTICAL.
3. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN CLASS I HAZARDOUS AREAS, PROVIDE INTRINSIC SAFETY BARRIER IN THE CONTROL PANEL FOR THE LEVEL TRANSMITTER.

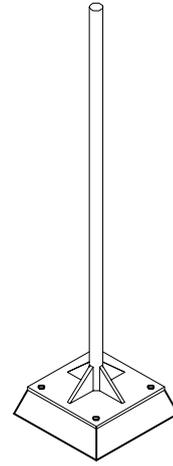


NOTE:

1. LOCATE LEVEL FLOAT SWITCH AND STILLING WELL NEAR ACCESSIBLE HATCH OR OTHER CONVENIENT TANK ACCESS POINT. SELECT STILLING WELL DIAMETER TO SUIT LEVEL DEVICE, ENSURING THAT INSIDE DIAMETER IS LARGER THAN FLOAT OUTSIDE DIAMETER.
2. USE FLANGE-MOUNTING WHERE THE STILLING WELL MUST PENETRATE TANK COVER OR WHERE TANK WALL BRACKET IS NOT PRACTICAL.
3. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN CLASS I HAZARDOUS AREAS, PROVIDE INTRINSIC SAFETY BARRIER IN THE CONTROL PANEL FOR THE LEVEL TRANSMITTER.

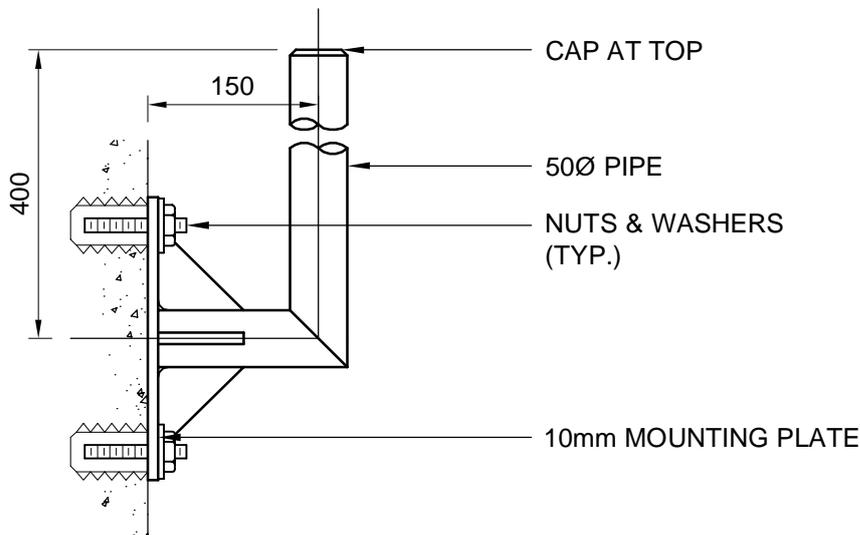


ELEVATION VIEW

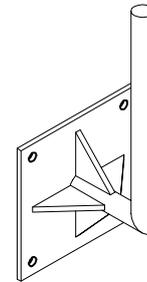


ORTHOGRAPHIC VIEW

FLOOR MOUNTED



ELEVATION VIEW



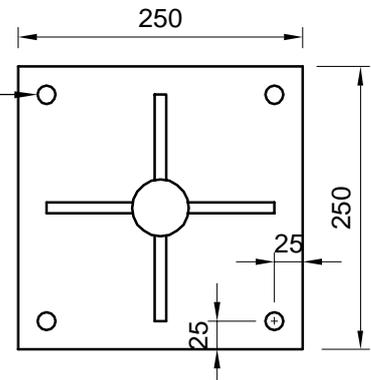
ORTHOGRAPHIC VIEW

WALL MOUNTED

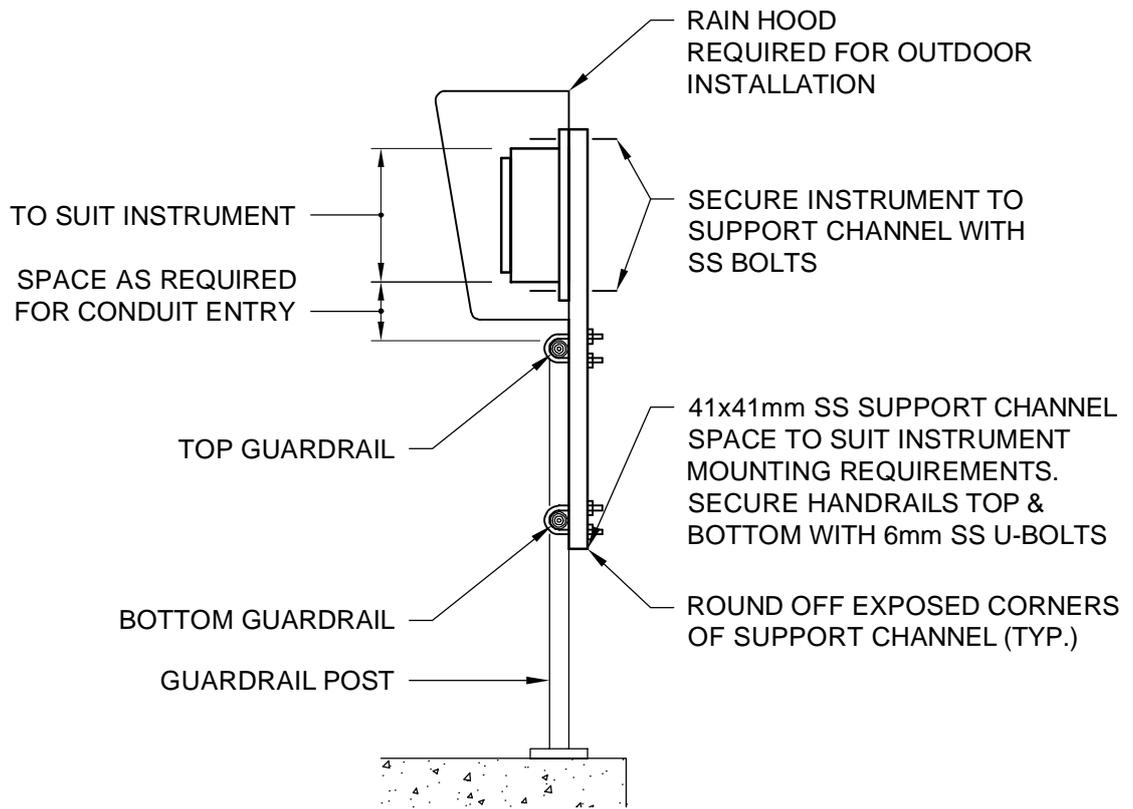
NOTE:

1. PIPE & MOUNTING PLATE TO BE COPPER FREE ALUMINUM.
2. TOP OF PIPE TO BE 1400mm ABOVE FLOOR (NOMINAL).
3. GROUTING TO BE POURED ONCE FLOOR MOUNT STAND IS PLUMBED AND FASTENED IN PLACE.

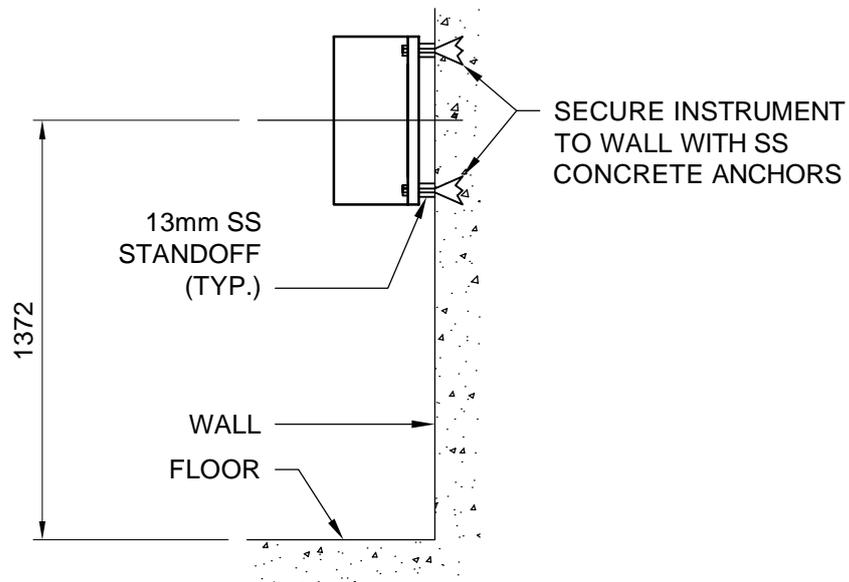
STAINLESS STEEL ANCHOR BOLTS, TYP.



MOUNTING PLATE



GUARDRAIL MOUNTED



WALL MOUNTED

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

.1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

1.2 PLC I/O Index

The following spreadsheet gives an itemized list of the new Programmable Logic Control (PLC) System inputs and outputs. This list shall be used in the design, selection of I/O cards, and sizing the associated PLC control panels, I/O racks, processors, power supplies, and associated appurtenances. It is also intended to serve as an aid for determining the cabling requirements for the Work specified in this Division.

PLC I/O INDEX

Drawing #	Location	Type	Device #	Location/System	I/O	Description	Information	Remarks
C2-BP-004	PS	TIT	1610	ROOM TEMP	AI	ROOM TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TIT	1620	OUTSIDE TEMP	AI	OUTSIDE TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	AIT	1630	GAS DETECTOR	AI	COMBUSTIBLE GAS DETECTOR LEVEL	Pumping Station	Warning: 5%, Alarm: 10% LEL
C2-BP-004	PS	AF	1630	GAS DETECTOR	DI	COMBUSTIBLE GAS DETECTOR FAULT	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	AIT	1631	GAS DETECTOR	AI	NATURAL GAS DETECTOR LEVEL	Pumping Station	Warning: 10%, Alarm: 15% LEL
C2-BP-004	PS	AF	1631	GAS DETECTOR	DI	NATURAL GAS DETECTOR FAULT	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	LSL	1640	LOW LEVEL FLOAT	DI	LOW LEVEL FLOAT SWITCH WET WELL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	LSH	1640	HIGH LEVEL FLOAT	DI	HIGH LEVEL FLOAT SWITCH WET WELL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	LIT	1600	INFLOW LEVEL	AI	WET WELL LEVEL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	LF	1600	INFLOW LEVEL FAULT	DI	WET WELL LEVEL LOSS OF ECHO	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	HS	1100	P-1100 H-O-A	DI	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 H-O-A	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	YS	1100	P-1100 RUN STATUS	DI	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	XMC	1100	P-1100 RUN CONTROL	DO	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 RUN CONTROL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1100A	P-1100 MOTOR WINDING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 MOTOR WINDING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1100B	P-1100 PUMP BEARING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 BEARING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	NSH	1100	P-1100 SEAL LEAK	DI	DUTY PUMP 1 P-1100 SEAL LEAKAGE ALARM	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	HS	1200	P-1200 H-O-A	DI	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 H-O-A	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	YS	1200	P-1200 RUN STATUS	DI	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	XMC	1200	P-1200 RUN CONTROL	DO	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 RUN CONTROL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1200A	P-1200 MOTOR WINDING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 MOTOR WINDING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1200B	P-1200 PUMP BEARING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 BEARING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	NSH	1200	P-1200 SEAL LEAK	DI	DUTY PUMP 2 P-1200 SEAL LEAKAGE ALARM	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	HS	1300	P-1300 H-O-A	DI	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 H-O-A	Pumping Station	Programming Note: Duty Pump 3 does not have standby power. Inhibit Pump 3 alarms when in Standby Power mode.
C2-BP-004	PS	YS	1300	P-1300 RUN STATUS	DI	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	XMC	1300	P-1300 RUN CONTROL	DO	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 RUN CONTROL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1300A	P-1300 MOTOR WINDING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 MOTOR WINDING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1300B	P-1300 PUMP BEARING TEMP	DI	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 BEARING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	NSH	1300	P-1300 SEAL LEAK	DI	DUTY PUMP 3 P-1300 SEAL LEAKAGE ALARM	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	HS	1400	P-1400 H-O-A	DI	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 H-O-A	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	YS	1400	P-1400 RUN STATUS	DI	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	XMC	1400	P-1400 RUN CONTROL	DO	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 RUN CONTROL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1400A	P-1400 MOTOR WINDING TEMP	DI	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 MOTOR WINDING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1400B	P-1400 PUMP BEARING TEMP	DI	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 BEARING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	NSH	1400	P-1400 SEAL LEAK	DI	SUMP PUMP 1 P-1400 SEAL LEAKAGE ALARM	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	HS	1500	P-1500 H-O-A	DI	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 H-O-A	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	YS	1500	P-1500 RUN STATUS	DI	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	XMC	1500	P-1500 RUN CONTROL	DO	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 RUN CONTROL	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1500A	P-1500 MOTOR WINDING TEMP	DI	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 MOTOR WINDING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	TSH	1500B	P-1500 PUMP BEARING TEMP	DI	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 BEARING HIGH TEMP	Pumping Station	
C2-BP-004	PS	NSH	1500	P-1500 SEAL LEAK	DI	SUMP PUMP 2 P-1500 SEAL LEAKAGE ALARM	Pumping Station	
	PS						Pumping Station	
M-0002	PS	PSL	100	MAU-1 LOW PRESS	DI	MAKE UP AIR UNIT 1 LOW SPACE PRESSURE	Pumping Station	
E-0004	PS	ZA	110	EXTERIOR DOOR	DI	EXTERIOR DOOR CONTACT	Pumping Station	
E-0004	PS	ZA	111	GENERATOR ROOM DOOR	DI	GENERATOR ROOM DOOR CONTACT	Pumping Station	
	PS	ZS	150	ATS POWER	DI	AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH ON UTILITY POWER	Pumping Station	
	PS	ZS	151	ATS STANDBY	DI	AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH ON STANDBY POWER	Pumping Station	
	PS	YS	152	GENSET READY	DI	GENSET READY STATUS	Pumping Station	

PLC I/O INDEX

Drawing #	Location	Type	Device #	Location/System	I/O	Description	Information	Remarks
	PS	MM	153	GENSET RUN	DI	GENSET RUN STATUS	Pumping Station	
	PS	UA	154	GENSET TROUBLE	DI	GENSET TROUBLE STATUS	Pumping Station	
	PS	EI	160	PLC DC POWER	DI	PLC DC POWER SUPPLY STATUS	Pumping Station	
	PS	EI	161	PLC SURGE SUPPRESSOR	DI	PLC SURGE SUPPRESSOR STATUS	Pumping Station	
	PS	EI	162	PLC UPS	DI	PLC UPS STATUS	Pumping Station	
	PS	YAH	165	ALARM HORN	DO	ALARM HORN AND STROBE	Pumping Station	
E-0004	PS	UA	168A	SMOKE ALARM	DI	CONTROL ROOM SMOKE ALARM	Pumping Station	
E-0004	PS	UA	168B	SMOKE ALARM	DI	GENERATOR ROOM SMOKE ALARM	Pumping Station	
					AI=	5		
					AO=	0		
					DI=	43		
					DO=	6	54	

AI=	5
AO=	0
DI=	43
DO=	6
Total I/O =	54

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

.1 Refer to Section 40 90 00.

1.2 Instrument Index

.1 The following spreadsheet provides an itemized list of the main instrumentation components to be supplied as part of this Work. The instrumentation index provides detailed information for the devices shown on the P & ID diagrams and lists the appropriate support documentation for the devices' supply and installation.

1. GENERAL

1.1 Work Included

- .1 Supply, installation, and testing of programmable logic controllers (PLC), remote terminal units (RTU) and operator interface terminals.
- .2 Where equipment unit responsibility is assigned in accordance with other divisions, supply all control panels, PLC and RTU hardware components, PLC and RTU logic, operator terminal, operation and configuration software, all required software licensing and data communications hardware for SCADA system integration. Provide special interface modules and associated software as required to provide a fully functional and operational system.
- .3 All PLC equipment, RTU equipment, and operator terminals are to be CSA approved and shall bear the CSA certification label, or equivalent.

1.2 Definitions

- .1 Acronyms used in this and other related sections are defined as follows:
 - .1 PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) or RTU (Remote Terminal Unit): The digital system that performs digital and analog control in a stand-alone or shared control system. The PLC or RTU includes a processor and input/output (I/O) modules and I/O chassis. It may include a human-machine interface (HMI) and modules for communication with other panels or specialized transducers.
 - .2 HMI (human-machine interface): An operator terminal which allows viewing of the various process area real-time graphics, viewing alarms, changing of process parameters and modes and other operator control actions. The HMI can communicate with PLCs and RTUs directly or over a dedicated network, and can communicate with other plant management information system computers over a local area network.
 - .3 SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) System: The digital control system that performs the plant-wide functions of data acquisition, supervisory control, and operator interface. The SCADA system may consist of a proprietary distributed control system (DCS) or an assembled system of PLCs, RTUs, and HMIs connected by a communication network.
 - .4 I/O (Input/Output): I/O includes all hardware required for analog and digital signal interfacing.

1.3 References

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1, Safety Standard for Electrical Installations.
- .2 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - .1 NEMA 250, Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
 - .2 NEMA ICS 6, Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures

1.4 Submittals

- .1 Submit the following:
 - .1 Catalogue cuts, which include technical specifications and applications information, for all equipment and components.
 - .2 Complete list of products and equipment including model numbers.
 - .3 Panel layout drawings showing all equipment (dimensioned) mounted internally and on face of panel, system block diagram, input (I/O) wiring diagrams and system grounding details.
 - .4 Full scale graphic display drawings or printouts for each operator interface screen. The display drawings or printouts to be in colour or to detail colours used for each device depicted.
 - .5 All PLC and HMI installation, hardware, programming, and data communication protocol manuals and hardware manuals for special interface modules.
 - .6 PLC and special interface module programming and documentation.
 - .7 Factory test reports.

1.5 Coordination

- .1 Coordinate with control panel fabricator to ensure that there are no conflicts in the installation of the PLC hardware and operator terminal.
- .2 Confirm overall mounting height of panel with equipment Manufacturer and the Contract administrator; consider panel height with mounting supports and/or concrete convenience pad in place to ensure that the operator terminal height is ergonomically correct.

1.6 Quality Assurance

- .1 Factory Testing
 - .1 Provide factory testing of PLC and RTU systems prior to shipment. Provide adequate notification to the Contract administrator of scheduled factory tests. The Contract administrator reserves the right to attend and witness the factory tests at their sole discretion.
 - .2 Full functional testing of all systems is to consist of a complete simulation of the process or equipment to be controlled and verification of interlocking and operator interface controls and alarming.
 - .3 Provide fully documented test reports for the factory tests for review and approval of the Contract administrator.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Function

- .1 PLC/RTU systems are to be control panel mounted, fully programmed, functional and operational as a stand-alone control system and be integrated with the plant wide SCADA.

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- .2 When required by the application or when specified, provide dedicated panel mounted touchscreen operator terminals for equipment operation and alarming, completely configured and programmed and supplied complete with programming software. The panel mounted touchscreen operator terminals shall be nominal 10" size or larger.

2.2 Acceptable Products

- .1 Acceptable products for the PLC control system include;
 - .1 SCADA Pack 357E RTU
 - .2 SCADA Pack I/O expansion modules

2.3 Telephone Land Line and Dial-up Modem

- .1 Provide one telephone land line wired to the PLC control system for data transmission to the City's existing SCADA system
- .2 Provide one Phoenix Contact PSI-Data/Fax Dial-up Modem/RS232, model 2708203.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 Installation

- .1 PLC, RTU and HMI
 - .1 Install PLC and RTU hardware and HMI in accordance with the Manufacturer's latest installation publication.
 - .2 Configure and wire HMI in accordance with the Manufacturer's installation and programming manual.
- .2 Local Control Panel
 - .1 Except where specified otherwise, do complete installation in accordance with CSA C22.1.
 - .2 Control panels must meet the requirements of Section 40 95 13.
 - .3 Provide PLC and RTU system local control panel (LCP), including, but not limited to, the following:
 - .1 NEMA 12 (minimum) double or single door free standing panel as required.
 - .2 PLC and RTU processor(s), I/O rack(s), rack power supply, required digital and analog I/O modules, specialized I/O modules, operator terminal(s) and all required cabling.
 - .3 Terminal blocks and circuit breakers.
 - .4 Two (2) 150 mm copper ground buses.
 - .5 One (1) duplex receptacle wired to a separate 5 Amp circuit breaker tagged "Computer use only".

-
- .6 Incoming power line filter(s) with separate circuit breaker(s) to be fed from UPS (by others) wired separately to PLC power supply and operator terminal.
 - .7 Remotely mounted alarm strobe and 85dB horn to indicate alarm and intrusion status.
 - .4 Provide 20% spare terminals wired to terminals.
 - .5 All relays and contactors to be complete with suitably sized surge suppressors.
 - .6 Provide single pole circuit breakers (DIN 35 rail mounted) in the local control panel as follows:
 - .1 One (1) 5 A breaker per equipment skid (being controlled by the PLC or RTU) to isolate device and I/O power.
 - .2 One (1) 5 A breaker per PLC/RTU/operator terminal wired to UPS via power filter.
 - .3 One (1) 5 A breaker wired to panel mounted duplex receptacle.
 - .4 Additional breakers as required.
 - .7 Confirm instrumentation and control schematics for control device wiring and requirements.
 - .8 Discrete output cards to carry rated connected loads without the need for interposing relays.
 - .9 Mount HMI on the control panel face at an ergonomically correct operating height.
 - .3 Wiring
 - .1 All wire and cable to meet Division 26 requirements.
 - .2 Use #16AWG conductors from I/O wiring arm to panel terminal blocks only: all field and equipment conductor sizing and wiring types to meet requirements.
 - .3 Wire all I/O to terminal blocks, whether used or spare.
 - .4 Grounding and Bonding
 - .1 Ground and bond control panel components in accordance with the Manufacturer's latest grounding publication and the CEC. Bond panel doors with a flexible jumper as required by the CEC.
 - .2 Use a minimum #8AWG copper conductor to ground I/O chassis.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General

- .1 This section includes the supply, installation, programming and testing of a complete and fully functioning automation system for the pumping facility. The work includes all required software, hardware, programming services, commissioning services, start-up, operator training, and provision of operations manuals.
- .2 Equipment for control system is shown on the control system architecture drawing. Each approved vendor to determine their best software and hardware configuration to meet specified input/output requirements, communication requirements, performance, and wiring requirements for this project.
- .3 The control system supplier is to provide all of the required software for networking, system programming, and communication with the PLC panels as part of his package. All necessary software licenses to be included and kept up to date for the duration of the project and the warranty period. All software to be registered and licensed to the City of Winnipeg.
- .4 The SCADA system is to provide a graphical interface for process system monitoring and control, alarm management, trending, reporting, data storage, data backup, and database management.
- .5 Provide chassis and cards with necessary cables and accessories to accommodate all digital, analog and special purpose I/O, shown on the P&IDs and SCADA I/O lists. The exact I/O count to be determined by the vendor and shall include 20% spare capacity.
- .6 Provide Windows based programming software for controllers and I/O processing subsystems.
- .7 Provide communication interface modules and cables for SCADA controllers, SCADA HMIs, and other network elements.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 Human Machine Interfaces (HMIs)

- .1 Hardware

2.2 Ethernet Network Manager/Switch (Hub)

- .1 Industrial Ethernet Switch - ring manager with Fibre optic connectivity or equivalent in accordance with B8.
- .2 Industrial Ethernet Switch 24 port RJ-45 and two (2) x Fibre optic capability or equivalent in accordance with B8.

2.3 Programmable Logic Controllers and Remote Terminal Units

- .1 General
 - .1 All processors are to be sized to provide sufficient capacity to handle the logic and data requirements plus an additional 50% spare CPU memory.

-
- .2 Communication protocol for the PLC panels and SCADA shall be Ethernet IP.
 - .3 I/O signal voltage to be based on the following:
 - .1 Digital inputs and outputs: 120 VAC
 - .2 Analog inputs and outputs: 4 to 20 mA, 24 VDC
 - .3 RTD signal input
 - .4 All digital output modules are to be based on isolated circuit type for each individual point.
 - .5 Digital input modules shall be isolated and non-isolated types to meet the I/O circuit requirements.
 - .6 Analog modules shall be based on 4 to 20 mA DC isolated types.
 - .7 Provide 20% spare I/O of each type to each panel assembly.
 - .8 Provide all necessary racks, power supplies, cables, communication cards, and accessories.
 - .9 Provide 10% spare slot capacity for each panel assembly.
 - .10 Provide 25% spare power supply capacity for each panel assembly.
 - .11 Each new panel assembly is to include a constant voltage regulating transformer suitably sized for the panel load and incoming power transient surge suppression. Connect the surge suppressor dry contacts to an input and configure as an alarm on the control system at each panel.
 - .12 Each control panel and process area is to include an alarm signal/buzzer for annunciation of system alarms. Alarm signals shall be rated for 95db, NEMA 4X, and suitable wall mounting in the respective main process rooms.
 - .13 Provide all run-time licenses necessary for the operation of the new PLC installations.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 SCADA System Programming

- .1 Provide configuration and programming services for the PLC and SCADA equipment to provide a fully integrated and functional control system for the new Water Treatment Plant and its associated appurtenances.
- .2 Develop the Operator Interface Screens generally based on the PFD and P&ID drawings for review and approval by the contract administrator and the City. Process flow display on graphic screens should generally flow from left to right and from top to bottom as depicted on the PFD and P&ID drawings. Adjust the screen layouts, equipment graphics, and color palette as directed and resubmit screens for approval.
- .3 The control system functionality shall include as a minimum;

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- .1 Password enabled access levels for each user with three available access levels; Guest – view only, Operator – view and limited control, Administrator – view, control, set point adjust). Access levels to be finalized during commissioning.
 - .2 Menu based screen navigation.
 - .3 Monitoring and display of all connected equipment and instruments.
 - .4 Pop-up dialog boxes for adjustment of equipment control parameters and duty selections etc.
 - .5 Annunciation and logging of all equipment failures and abnormal process variables. For all process systems where standby or backup systems are provided, include automatic fail-over from a failed process equipment to the standby or backup equipment. The standby or backup equipment shall assume the operating set points of the failed unit.
 - .6 Display and adjustment of all process control and alarm setpoints.
 - .7 Sequencing and control of process equipment. For all process systems, include operator selectable manual and automatic equipment duty rotation.
 - .8 Trending of key process variables.
 - .9 Production of daily, weekly, and monthly operating reports with all key operating variables as defined by operations.
 - .10 Printing of screen shots, alarm summary, alarm history, trend displays, and reports.
 - .11 Automatic sequenced plant start-up following power interruption.

3.2 SCADA Program and Documentation

- .1 Install, configure and document all SCADA operating systems, control programs and monitoring programs.
- .2 Lay out the I/O and advise the Contract administrator of the exact I/O assignments.
- .3 Turn over programming software and record documentation, licenses, and hardware keys to Contract administrator upon completion of the project. Include copies of all programs, configurations, and documentation files on CD.

3.3 Process Control Description

- .1 Refer to Spec Section 40 90 01 Process Control Narrative for operational requirements.
- .2 PLC Inputs for Display and Recording
 - .1 All PLC input points will be displayed for Operator use and change of state (with date/time stamp) will be logged and stored. All stored data will be maintained for immediate recall for a period of six (6) months.
 - .2 Stored data will be available for display as individual data points and as trends at Operator selectable time scales. Time scales on graphs will be selectable between five (5) minutes and six (6) months.

.3 PLC Output Points

- .1 All PLC outputs not otherwise described in the control descriptions above will be accessible on operator screens for manual start/stop or open/close control (for discrete points) or output range settable (for analog outputs) by Operator.

3.4 Commissioning and Start-up

- .1 Verify to the Contract administrator that all SCADA I/O are wired to the proper inputs and outputs. Update the SCADA I/O list and verify that each I/O address is documented.
- .2 Demonstrate to the Contract administrator the loading, configuration and testing of the control programs. Ensure that all field devices operate properly.

END OF SECTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 General Requirements

- .1 This Section describes the requirements for Substantial Performance tests. Demonstrate the performance of the process control system by testing all components and functions of the system. The test will be conducted in three phases:
 - .1 Component Testing
 - .2 PLC Area Acceptance Testing
 - .3 Overall Integrated System Performance Test including communication to remote SCADA.

1.2 Submittals

- .1 Include the following information in the submittal for this Section.
 - .1 Process methodology statement stating how and what will be done by the Contractor during the acceptance testing, what the impact on the facility will be. The methodology statement will be prepared by the Contractor with the Contract Administrator providing input, and must be approved.
 - .2 Test schedule for each Component, Process Unit, and Process Area.
 - .3 Process Area control strategy test procedures.
 - .4 Process control system component test procedures.
 - .5 Integrated System Performance Test procedures.

1.3 Sign-off forms.

- .1 Within two (2) weeks following completion of any acceptance tests, submit acceptance test report to the Contract Administrator.

1.4 Coordination of Work

- .1 Coordinate all work of this Section with the other Subcontractors responsible for the construction of the related work, with plant operations and the Contract Administrator.

1.5 Maintenance of Plant Operations

- .1 Schedule field testing which affects the facility operation through the Contract Administrator on a daily basis.
- .2 Do not perform testing which may affect facility operation without the Contract Administrator's approval.

1.6 Preliminary Testing Procedures

- .1 Meet the following conditions prior to the start of any testing:

-
- .2 Correct deficiencies noted during installation
 - .3 Have on Site documentation pertinent to the equipment being tested
 - .4 Keep on Site labelled, and properly stored spare parts, expendables and test equipment pertinent to the equipment being tested
 - .5 Keep copies of programs pertinent to the equipment being tested on Site
 - .6 Perform tests by following the appropriate operation and maintenance manuals precisely unless otherwise approved by the Contract Administrator. Lack of complete, detailed manuals will be cause for declaring the test to have failed regardless of the actual test results.

1.7 Order of Testing

- .1 The Contract Administrator will determine the unit process testing sequence for all portions of the works.
- .2 The Contract Administrator will determine testing sequence for all other portions of the Contract.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 General

- .1 Provide any tools, testing equipment, temporary configuration programs, terminals and other accessories required to fully test and verify the proper connection and operation the process control system.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 General

- .1 Meet the following conditions prior to the start of any acceptance testing.
- .2 Have on site, documentation pertinent to the equipment being tested. Provide a detailed description of the testing methodology to be used to ensure satisfactory performance of the process control system equipment.
- .3 Keep on Site, labelled, and properly stored spare parts, expendables and test equipment pertinent to the equipment being tested.
- .4 Have the Contract Administrator review acceptance test schedules and acceptance test procedures.
- .5 Perform the acceptance testing on a per Process Area basis. Test no more than one Process Area at any given time. Obtain approval from the Contract Administrator prior to conducting any testing which may affect operations. Schedule any testing which affects the system operation through the Contract Administrator on a daily basis.

3.2 Component, Process Area, and Integrated System Acceptance Testing

- .1 Organize acceptance testing sequentially by Process Area and in line with the master schedule. Include testing of all I/Os, PLC functions and communications for each Process Area.
- .2 Check each Process Area against drawings and database lists. Test each PLC and corresponding data communication links.
- .3 Check all I/O from the field components to the process control system. Include instruments, control devices, panels, termination cabinets, input/output cards, and other devices in the I/O to ensure proper operation. If applicable, other Subcontractors will be in attendance during I/O field checks
- .4 Document the testing and submit to the Contract Administrator. Include the following:
 - .1 I/O name.
 - .2 I/O description.
 - .3 Drawing reference.
 - .4 Type of test(s) performed.
 - .5 Date tested.
 - .6 Signature of tester and date.
 - .7 Signature of Contract Administrator and date.
- .5 Test the process control system equipment as follows:
 - .1 Check equipment against inventory lists.
 - .2 Certify that the equipment has been installed properly.
 - .3 Power up the process control system equipment and run diagnostics to verify proper operation.
 - .4 Load the application system software from backup devices.
 - .5 Verify peripheral operation and peripheral failure operation.
 - .6 Check polling of remotes.
 - .7 Test input/output, display, control, and report generation software.
 - .8 Test historical data collection capabilities.
 - .9 Test trending functions.
 - .10 Certify that the system is ready for performance testing.

-
- .11 Test operation of the Local Area Network associated with the process control system equipment.
 - .12 Test all alarm functions and alarm history files.
 - .13 Test system automatic backup and restore procedures.
 - .6 Document tests and submit to the Contract Administrator. Include the following:
 - .1 Description of functions tested.
 - .2 Tests performed.
 - .3 Copies of messages, displays, reports, and trends which verify operation.
 - .4 Signature of tester and date.
 - .5 Signature of the Contract Administrator and date.
 - .6 Problem description, if any.
 - .7 Performance Verification.
 - .8 Completed Form Loop Check Report (LCR) for each individual Materials.
 - .9 Completed Form Instrument Test Report (ITR) for each individual Materials.
 - .7 After Process Area Testing and component testing have been completed, perform an Integrated System Performance Test to verify the system performance. Provide onsite personnel for the Integrated System Performance Test duration.
 - .8 Participate in tests over a thirty (30) day period when the facility is operating. Any deficiencies will be promptly corrected and the test restarted. If deficiencies remain uncorrected at the end of the test period, the test period will be extended on a day-to-day basis at the Contractor's expense until proper operation can be demonstrated. Final Acceptance will only be achieved when the requirements of the Integrated System Performance Test has been successfully demonstrated to the Contract Administrator's satisfaction.
 - .9 Use the communications statistics to verify that the average process control system equipment to PLC communications availability is greater than 99.99%. Failure of data communication equipment will not count as downtime.
 - .10 Demonstrate an availability of 99.99% or better for the system. Availability is defined as $(\text{Test Duration} - \text{Downtime}) / \text{Test Duration}$
 - .11 The system is down if a PLC cannot be accessed from the operator station because of a hardware/software failure, an operational PLC is not polled, alarm and event reporting functions are lost, trend or historical data is lost, or operator commands cannot be carried out because of a hardware/software failure.
 - .12 Failover to a backup device will not be counted as downtime provided the backup device assumed proper operation.
 - .13 Make necessary operational adjustments to the system while the facility is operating.

.14 Demonstrate the historical logging and reporting functions of the system.

END OF SECTION